Reagan reappoints Volcker

WASHINGTON (R) — President Reagan Saturday reappointed Paul Volcker as head of the Federal Reserve Board, the U.S. central bank. The president made his announcement in a relatively inconspicuous forum-a brief prologue to a radio address on another subject-and gave no detailed explanation of his decision. Mr. Reagan told the radio audience that Mr. Volcker had accepted the reappointment, adding "I couldn't be more pleased he has accepted." Mr. Reagan added that Mr. Volcker was "as dedicated as I am to continuing the fight against inflation" and said the influential chairman was "a man of unquestioned independence, integrity and abdity." The reappointment though expected, will be welcomed warmly by financial and credit markets both in the United States and abroad.



PLO calls for Arab mission meeting

TUNIS (R) — The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) has called for a meeting in the next few weeks of the "Committee of Seven' formed at last September's Arab summit in Fez. the Tunisian news agency TAP said Saturday. After the Fez summit. the seven--Jordan, Algeria, Morocco, Saudi Arabia, Syria, Tunisia and the PLO--visited the capitals of the five permanent members of the U.N. Security Chuncil to explain a Middle East peace plan adopted at the meeting. The committee had been due to other in Fez on April 3 to review the results of its mission but Syria opposed the meeting on the grounds that the seven were not mandated to convene an Arab foreign ministers conterence, nor an Arab summit. The Tunisian news agency, which quoted Arah diplomatic sources for Saturday's report, gave no details of when or where the PLO wanted the seven to meet.

Fateh council meeting

expected in three days

DAMASCUS (R) - The leadership of Yasser Arafat's Fatch gue-

rrilla group is to meet within the next three days to discuss a rebellion

The meeting of Fateh's Revolutionary Council is expected to take

All 73 members of the council, including about nine who hack the

It was not clear whether the rebel supporters, who accuse Mr.

Mr. Arafai has been touring the Arab World and Palestinian

positions in northern Lebanon to drum up support for his policies and

Abu Jihad denies Fateh regiment joined rebels

icial was quoted Saturday as denying that guerrillas from the "Sep-

tember Martyrs Regiment" in eastern Lebanon had joined the reb-

In Kuwait, a senior Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) off-

Khalil Al Wazir, a top military aide to Mr. Aralat, told the Kuwaiti

A rehel spokesman said in Damascus Friday the regiment had

announced it was joining what he called the revolutionary uprising.

Mr. Wazir, popularly known as Abu Jihad, was quoted by Al Qabas as saying the number of fighters involved had not exceeded

Released Iraqi doctor accuses

Israel of torture in prison camp

daily Al Qahas; "All that happened was that some members of the

regiment were involved in irregular activities which aroused sus-

picion... they later declared their allegiance to the PLO leadership.

Arafai of being 100 moderate and want all-out armed struggle against

in its ranks, sources close to Mr. Arafat said here Saturday.

place somewhere in Lebanon, the sources said.

rebels, have been invited to attend, they added.

heal the rift in Fatch's ranks.

The size of the regiment was not known.

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New violence reported in Tripoli

TRIPOLI: Lebanon (R) - Gunmen killed one person and seriously wounded another in a new outbreak of shooting in this north Lebanese port Saturday, security sources said. Over 20 people have died in factional fighting here in the last week, most of them in a massacre of unarmed drivers and passers-by on Thursday. First reports about Saturday's incident said unidentified gunmen opened fire on the two victims in the Zahriyeh area, on the edge of Tripoli's old quarter.

Car bomb explodes in West Beirut

BEIRUT (R1 -- A booby-trapped car exploded in west Beirut's fashionable Hamra area Saturday night, causing an unknown numher of casualties, according to security sources. State-run Beirut Radio said at least two people were killed and two wounded in the blast. No other details were immediately available. .

Fire bombs thrown at Israeli vehicle

TEL AVIV (R) - Three fire bombs were thrown at an Israeli military vehicle in the occupied West Bank Saturday but there were no injuries, security sources said. One of the bombs struck the rear of the vehicle causing slight damage. The two others exploded on the road south of Qalqilya, 16 kilometres northeast of Tel Aviv. Israeli troops closed off the area and searched for the attackers, the sources said.

Syria urges strategic. Arab-Israeli balance

DAMASCUS (R) - Syria said Saturday a strategic balance between the Arab nations and Israel was the only way to achieve peace in the Middle East. The government daily Tishrin, in an editorial, said. "The only objective option is a strategic balance with the enemy (fsrael). This is the only way to achieve a just peace." Tis-

S. Yemen, Iran rap Arab attitude

TEHRAN (R) -- South Yemen and Iran Saturday criticised Arab countries for not taking a firm enough stand against the Israeli invasion of Lebanon, the Iranian news agency IRNA reported. IRNA quoted South Yemen's foreign minister. Abdul Aziz Al Dali. as expressing sorrow to his Iranian counterpart. Ali Akbar Vellayati. over the "silence of most of the Arab countries towards the situation in Lehanon." Mr. Vellavati said although it had been more than a year since Israeli troops invaded Lebanon. "no coordinated move had been taken by the Arab Muslim countries." IRNA reported.

2 injured as Kurds protest in Geneva

GENEVA (R) - Two people were taken to hospital with injuries Saturday after police clashed here with several hundred people demonstrating for rights of Kurds in Turkey, police said. The demonstrators marched through the centre of Geneva carrying banners. It was not immediately known why the clashes occurred.

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Greek shipowners, government at odds, page 7 · Challenger blasts off without hitch, page 8

Gemayel says

pullout pact will go ahead

BEIRUT (R) — Lebanese President Amin Gemayel said in an interview published Saturday he was confident the troop withdrawal agreement with Israel would go ahead and all foreign armies would leave Lebanon.

Mr. Gemayel's remarks, in an strong army withdrew uncinterview with the London-based Arabic weekly Al Majallah, were printed on the front pages of most Beirut newspapers Saturday.

"The accord is not threatened in any way." Mr. Gemayel was quoted as saving. "It will go ahead and all foreign forces will leave Lebanese territory."

Syria. with an estimated 40,000 troops in north and east Lebanon. has condemned the deal outright in public statements. But Mr. Gemayel said he had received no official rejection from Damascus,

Syria doesn't consult us about its own internal affairs." Mr. Gemayel said. "Lebanon is a free and sovereign country, taking its decisions in the light of its own interests and taking account of its membership of the Arab League."

"I have not been notified officially of the Syrian refusal." Mr. Gemayel was quoted as saying. He said there were contacts with Damascus on maintaining and improving relations but did not elaborate.

"I have no need of mediation to mect (Syrian President Hafez) Al Assad and if a summit could be fruitful I should be happy to meet him." Mr. Gemayel said. "I don't think Syria wants to

prevent the withdrawal of Israeli troops from Lebanon," he added. Official Syrian medla have said Syria's 40.000 troops would be country only if Israel's 25.000 ces to infiltrate Lebanon."

onditionally from the central and southern areas.

The Lebanese leader said the state hoped to regain control of the whole country from the various armed elements operating in most of the country outside Bei-

The Lebanese army is our hope and will be deployed throughout the national territory."

Syria: 'No sweet talk'

Damascus Radio said that sweet talk" by Lebanese leaders would not influenced Syria's implacable opposition to the agrcement.

The officials in Lebanon who left the Arabs and linked their destiny to the U.S. and Israel are mistaken in thinking that they can influence Syria's rejection by sweet talk," it said.

"Any debate with the Lebanese authorities can never be positive if it is on the basis of this pact," it

The official Syrian newspaper
Al Thawra said the United States and Israel bad turned Lebanon intn a protectorate and were working together to ensure its continued occupation by their forces.

"The Israeli invasion of Lebanon... has developed practically into an Israeli-U.S. occupation, withdrawn from the eastern it said. "The multinational forces Bekaa Valley and the north of the were just a screen for the U.S. for-

U.S. steps up efforts for Lebanon pullout

Reagan administration, in its eff- Pakistan. orts to secure the withdrawal of all foreign forces from Lebanon, has invited Syrian Foreign Minister Abdul Halim Khaddam to visit Washington, a senior U.S. official The official said that the inv-

itation was extended by Secretary of State George Shultz earlier this

"The secretary did invite the Syrian foreign minister to come here before the secretary's Asian trip, but it hasn't worked out because of scheduling problems," the official explained. Mr. Shultz invited Mr. Kha-

ddam to visit Washington and the Syrian official accepted in principle when the secretary was in Damascus last month. Following a visit here by Lebanese Foreign Minister Elie Salem last week, Mr. Shultz asked Mr. Khaddam to come to Washington.

useful to have a discussion" with the Syrian minister, reporters where told. But Mr. Khaddam's schedule would not allow for a trip to Washington before Mr. Shultz leaves next week on a trip to the upying forces from Lebanon."

WASHINGTON (USIA) - The Philippines. Thailand. India and

U.S. officials said they would not rule out a stop in Damascus by Mr. Shultz at the end of his Asian trip, but they emphasised that there are no plans under active

consideration for such a visit. Last month. Syria refused to receive special presidential envoy Philip Habib.

At White House ceremonies Thursday during which Lebanon's new ambassador to the United States, Abdullah Bouhahib, presented his credentials, the Lebanese envoy expressed his government's appreciation for the efforts of Mr. Shultz and his negotiating team.

"Under your direction." Mr. Bouhabib told President Reagan. "their efforts were instrumental in reaching a draft agreement between Lebanon and Israel. thus paving the way toward restoring the authority of the Lebanese "The secretary feh it would be government over all its territory."

In response. Mr. Reagan pointed to the agreement between Lebanon and Israel as "the first important and courageous step to effect the withdrawal of all occ-



ttle Challenger, the seventh shuttle mission, blasts

Iraqi president meets visiting U.S. schoolboy

EEC agrees on tentative

budget rebates for Britain

BAGHDAD (R) - A 13- he had for any new leader was "to year-old American boy, who tra-velled to Baghdad to meet Pre-a leader just for holding the possident Saddam Hussein, said he ition. was told by the Iraqi leader Saturday that the possibility of war was a major problem facing the

Doug Hodgdon, from Lebanon City, Indiana, was invited by President Hussein to visit Iraq with his parents after he wrote to the president as part of a school ass-

He told Reuters that President Hussein said in the presidential palace that the greatest problem facing the world was the impalance in relations among world inviting him to hear the answers first hand, the Iraqi News Agency the eruption of war which is a said. grave matter."

President Hussein, whose couto a question that the best advice diplomatic relations.

STUTTGART (R) - European

Economic Community (EEC) leaders Salurday agreed a figure

for a rebate on British hudget con-

tributions but other elements of a

financial rescue package for the

community have still to be settled.

British and West German officials

The officials said a repayment

figure of \$750 million European

lion I was agreed by the leaders of

Other elements of the package.

including how to tackle the com-

munity's financial crisis, were still

to be agreed, they said.
Officials of the West German

presidency said the rebate agr-

cement was conditional on rea-

ching accord for a long-term sol-

ution to the community's financial

troubles. Britain remains opposed

to plans for financial reo-

rganisation favoured by other sta-

tes in the community.

currency units (about \$650 mil-

the [t] community states.

Asked why he wanted to lead Iraq. Doug said President Hussein "told me a long story on his paricipation in the struggle a long time ago and his participation in the revolution of the Iraqi peo-

Doug, who described President Hussein as "very nice." wrnte to the president with a list of questions about Iraq, a country he chose from a list given to his class in school.

rie received a reply in January

It said the letter was from the Iraqi interests section of the Indntry has been at war with fran for ian embassy in Washington. Iraq the past 33 months, said in answer and the United States do not have

They also said that no cash

would be involved. The funds

made available would be for pro-

jects approved by the community

British officials said their acc-

eptance of the figure was also pro-

visional and dependent on agr-

cement on other aspects of the

Earlier, foreign ministers at the

summit told their heads of state

that they had failed to resulve the

dispute over Britain's con-

tribution to the community bud-

But fears the summit might col-

lapse because French President

François Mitterrand musi leave

Saturday for a prearranged nat-

ional engagement were partly dis-

pelled when his spokesman said

Prime Minister Pierre Mauroy and

Foreign Minister Claude Che-

ysson had a mandate to continue

the negotiztions.

Sames.

community's finances.

such as those for energy plans.

Police disperse fierce protests in W. Berlin

used tear gas and haton charges to disperse about 7,000 left-wing demonstrators in West Berlin Saturday after some of them threw fire-hombs and stones at police A police spokesman said sev-

eral people were injured and many more arrested. Isolated skirmishes continued until late aftemoon in the Cotthus Gate area The gathering of lehist groups.

trade unionists and Turkish workers was protesting against the nservative Action, which had planned a march later Saturday to call for the repatriation of immigrants.

Police moved in with truncheons and riot shields against the demonstration after about 500 defied organisers' appeals and threw missiles at police vans.

DAMASCUS (R) — An Iraqi after last year's Israeli invasion, he doctor released from an Israeli said, prison camp in Lebanon accused the Israelis Saturday of torture. self as a Communist sympathising barbarous acts and "Nazi pra- with the Palestinians' demands for ctices" in the camp.

WEST BERLIN (R) - Police press conference in Damascus he had been released from the camp at Ansar, near Nabatiyeh, on June after one year in detentinn.

He was director of the Palestine

Red Crescent Hospital in Sidon. Lebanon, when he was arrested authorities."

Dr. Nazmi Obeidi, 42. told a

appeal to the world's conscience to help them uncover the Nazi practices carried out by the Israeli

Dr. Obeidi, who described him-

a homeland, said; "The acts car-

ried out hy the Israeli forces in

Ansar were barharous and inh-

"The 5,000 prisoners still there

Turkish Cypriot assembly backs independence move

backing to move northern Cyprus their rights and their freedom." towards independence an quoted Saturday as saying he was now prepared to meet President Spyros Kyprianou in new talks on the future of the divided island.

The northern Bairak Radio said the self-styled "Turkish federated protesters, many wearing masks, state of Cyprus" voted 33-6 Friday night in favour of a resolution supporting Turkish Cypriots' right

NICOSIA (R) - Turkish Cyprint in self-determination to "safleader Rauf Denktash has won eguard their national identity.

would prepare to hold a refcrendum in the north on the independence issue hur did not say when this would be done. Earlier this week he said he would not hold a referendum and would be satisfied with "an empowering resolution from his legislative

MX testfiring described 'successful'

VANDENBERG AIR BASE. California (R) - The United Staies has fired a giant MX missile carrying six unarmed warheads over the Pacific in what an air force general described as a magnificent first test of the controversial weapon.

Trailing a spiralling column of white smoke, the 21-metre long intercontinental ballistic missile soured into the darkening sky over the California coast Friday night and raced 7.6111 kilometres to its rarget area north of the Kwajalein atoll in the Marshall Islands.

The firing had been delayed nine hours by a computer problem and while air force officers waited for a heavy mist to clear over the air base on the Pacific coast.

But Brigadier-General Aloysius Casey, commander of the U.S. air force ballistic missile office. later told a news conference: "It was a magnificent first launch. Everything worked as we had pla-

lear War (IPPNW).

lear war.'

The congress, which opened

Saturday, also received a message

from Soviet leader Yuri And-

ropov, expressing support for "the

noble activities of the movement

of medical scientists and phy-

sicians for the prevention of nuc-

IPPNW was set up in 1980 by

He said he hoped the flight would help persuade the U.S. Congress to approve next month a Defence Department request for a further \$2.5 billion for the \$26 hillion project, which has been embroiled in a controversy between hesitant congressmen and the chief MX supporter. President Reagan.

The warheads, part of a nuclear arsenal of til the missile would carry in wer, had landed in the impacı area." Gen. Casey said.

He said the long delay had caused a ground support computer to run out of synchronisation with the missile.

"We launched with a single computer." he said.

The risk was if we had lost that computer we would have had to destruct (the missile) if we were going blind and if Hawaii or the target area (Kwajalein) had beenin jeopardy.
We decided the risk was very

small." he added.

The missile was fired with a "cold start", a mixture of steam and gas, and the rocket's four firing stages sent the projectile racing in a steep are up to 1.300 kilometres over the Pacific.

Air force officers expect this will be the first of a series of 20 MX test firings to be concluded by 1487, the year after the missile is due to be deployed in Silos in Nebraska and Wyoming.
During the flight delay 17 anti-

nuclear demonstrators, including anti-war activist Daniel Ellsberg. were detained by security police on the base. This brought to 37 the number held since last Saturday.

Most were charged with trespassing and released on probation.

The U.S. Air Force had refused to allow any news of the test to be revealed before the missile was launched and officers said they had not wanted to warn the Soviet Union this was to be the first MX

Nuclear war cannot be won -- Reagan Thunderous welcome greets Pope at Polish shrine AMSTERDAM (R) - A nuclear

as he mounted to the alter to the

sound of a choir singing religious

- Pope John Paul was given a thunderous welcome by hundreds people when he arrived at his country's holiest shrine, the Jasna Gora Monastery Saturday.

The Pope, wearing a scarlet cape over his white robes, walked np a green-carpeted stairway built up the ramparts of the monastery. where he had come to celebrate perhaps even with anger." the 600th anniversary of the revered Black Madonna Icon.

Waves of applause ran round the vasl throng. Despite a church appeal shortly before the pontiff's arrival, dozens of red-and-white banners with the name of the outlawed Solidarity union were held

up by the crowd. Immediately after arriving in

CZESTOCHOWA, Poland (R) the city by helicopter the Pope went mund the world in 19811tnupursued his identification with those who have suffered under of thousands of mainly young martial law when be briefly addressed a delegation from the northern port of Szczecin, which is not

on his route. Speaking in the cathedral he said: "You come to the mother of Czestochowa with a wound in your heart and with sorrow, or

In a tribute to the Solidarity movement, founded on agreements reached in Szczecin and Gdansk in August, 1981, he said the presence of the Szczecin group recalled the time when "the Polish worker stood up for himself with the gospel in his hand and a prayer

on his lips." He added: "The pictures that len from a grey sky earlier, held off

ched hearts and consciences." He stressed the importance of the teachings of Christ for those

striving to improve the position of the working man. Only the person who has been renewed within, with whom the supreme criterion is the complete teaching about man, can build up a

After the brief cathedral ceremony, the Pope, accompanied by a security escort of more than a dozen vehicles, drove along Holy Virgin Mary Avenue which cuts through the centre of this southern industrial city and arrived at the

new world in peace and in cou-

monastery. Light rain, which had briefly fal-

Walesa awaits meeting By early evening Solidarity leader Lech Walesa, who has been

told by authorities he can go ahead with a planned meeting with the

Pope, said he still did not have a

location or a date. Mr. Walesa was still awaiting word from the church on when to leave, a Walesa aide in Gdansk said. Mr. Walesa earlier said he wanted to travel to Czestochowa

the joint efforts of two leading cardiologists. American Professor this weekend. Bernard Lown of the Harvard The Communist authorities School of Public Health, and the have made clear their disapproval director-general of the Soviet of this meeting, and until Friday it Union's National Cardiology appeared they might prevent it Research Centre, Yevgeny Cha-

war cannot be won and must never Mr. Reagan's message said the be fought. President Reagan has third congress convened at a said in a message to the third conmoment of great challenge and gress of the International Phyopportunity for mankind. The challenge is to reduce the sicians for the Prevention of Nuc-

threat of war, both nuclear and conventional. At the same time we have an unprecedented opportunity to reduce nuclear arsenals and ensure lasting peace."

Mr. Reagan urged support for "the negotiations between the U.S. and Soviet Union in Geneva on the means of achieving substantial, equitable and verifiable reductions in our nuclear arsenals and on building the mutual confidence and understanding necessary to reduce the risk of nuclear

Harvard cardiologist James

Muller said the president's message was the first recognition its work had received from the White

The grouping, which aims to use medical facts about the threat of nuclear war to pursuade world leaders to freeze nuclear arms programmes, also received messages of support from the heads of state of Finland. Grecce. Bulgaria and Hungary.

Mr. Muller welconted Mr. Reagan's statement, saying: "It indicates that the strength of the worldwide movement for peace is compelling national leaders to

take notice." "We will be campaigning to ensure that words are converted into deeds, and next year we expect to receive messages of support from every world leader." he said.

FEATURES

'Middle Cinema' introduces change in Indian film industry

By Moses Manoharan Rewer

NEW DELHI - India's film industry, which specialises in lavish commercial blockbusters, is moving in new directions with the emergence of a "middle cinema" blending light entertainment with serious social themes.

The new trend has led to films that have won several prizes at recent festivals and attained considerable financial success.

Middle Cinema treads a central path between esoteric. lowbudget "art movies" and the more prevalent million-dollar extravaganzas labelled here as "Commercial Cinema".

Art films are often shot in under crimination and political cor-

a month, may cost only \$60.000 and usually fail at the box office. Commercial films are made in several months, have improbable and a happy ending, and attract

The Indian industry is the world's most prolific, producing more than 700 films a year. Most of them are in the commercial category, and are predominantly made in the country's three film centres -- Bombay. Madras and

Middle Cinema is subtly transforming the business. Indian film commentator Aruna Vasudev attributed its growing popularity to its broaching of provocative social themes, such as caste disruption, in a form that does not erspersed with romantic scenes alienate audiences used to escapist

Film critics say the entire indplots spiced with sex and violence ustry, including Commercial Cinema is undergoing a transition caused by a growing middle class. a greater degree of professionalism, the huilding of more theatres and the creation of government institutions to train and finance serious film-makers.

> Though India has just 11,000 theatres. films remain the main form of entertainment for most of its 680 million population, who have elected film stars to high government positions and idolised

The traditional Indian film has a soap-opera style plot, normally with a comic sub-plot, intwhere the hero and heroine sing duets and dance around trees and bushes and a few sequences of violence and suggestive dancing by scantily clad women.

Art films began to come into their own in the 1950s, with director Satyajit Ray's depiction of rural poverty in "Pather Panchali" hailed as a masterpiece.

Though other talented filmmakers. many from Ray's home state of West Bengal in Eastern India, followed his lead, art films were essentially patronised by the upper class and a small group of intellectuals.

The 1960s saw the first stirrings of Middle Cinema evolving from the art genre with a few films on

popularity. They differed from the art films partly because of their content hut also because they attracted a much wider audience. with some even becoming boxoffice hits.

The first of these moderate successes was "Bhuvan Shome," a film about a city dweller who goes to a village in search of his familial

This and other films started a trend that continued with films such as "36 Chowringhee Lane" and "Umrao Jaan," both of which critics say have proved that commercial viability and artistic merit could coexist in Indian films.

In "Chowringhee Lane." Bri-tish actress Jeniffer Kendal plays

By Tom McNiff

Reuter

According to Herodotus, writing in 432 B.C., the army some 93

years before that date "entered

the desert, and half way to the

oasis of Amun, when they were

taking their midday meal, a strong

wind from the southeast blew with

an unusual violence carrying sand

with it and they (the army) were

Herodotus's account and num-

erous inexplicably piled rocks on Egypt formed the hasis for Cha-

fetz's dream -- to find the long lost army of Camhyses II in a

microbe-free and dry desert that

"They all disappeared."

sands of time.

huried under it.

off-beat themes enjoying wide an Anglo-Indian spinster who popularity. They differed from the chooses to live in India after the British have left hut later begins to feel a great loneliness and sense of alienation as she grows older. Her moving and sensitive portrayal won her a degree of popular praise usually reserved in India for the glamorous young actresses of

> "Umrao Jaan," which traces the life of a young girl who grows up in a brothel to become a courtesan patronised by Indian nobles. It featured Rekha, one of India's leading actresses, who acted for the first time in a serious lowbudget film.

Indian censors usually concentrate their efforts on violence and sex, allowing screening of

Expedition to hunt for buried army

Middle-Cinema films with politically sensitive and emotionally provocative themes.

These include 'Chokh" (the eye), a national award winner this year, which depicts dismal conditions found in many Indian hospitals. Others are "Bara" and

"Thancer Thancer" (water water), which blame politicians for droughts and scarcity of drinking water, perennial problems in many parts of India.

This diversity in films was strongly influenced by an institute for training young film-makers. actors and technicians established by the government in 1960. Since the 1970s its graduates have been in the forefront of Art and Middle

Film Finance Corporation to aid off-beat film-makers.

The prestige attached to Middle Cinema films and their repeated success in winning national awards has prompted some leading commercial film-makers to take on

serious themes.

Bombay film Mogul Raj Kapoor, in his latest extravaganza, "Prem Rog" (lovesick), has mtroduced a social angle -- the remarriage of a widow, a taboo subject among orthodox Hindus.

But most film critics agree that Middle or Art Cinema cannot replace Commercial Cinema, saying many Indians would still need escapist films to distract them from the tedium of daily life.

Visitors attracted to south Holland caves

By Richard Murphy Reuter

MAASTRICHT. Netherlands -A vast and mysterious network of caves hidden beneath gently rolling hills may not fit everyone's image of the Netherlands.

But it is what visitors find when they forsake the well-trodden tourist paths of Amsterdam and Delft for the historic city of Maastricht, sandwiched between Belgium and West Germany in the south-

eastern lip of the country.

Maastricht stands on the River Meuse and is the capital of the province of Limhurg, the only part of an almost totally flat country which can lay claim to real hills (the highest is the Vaalserberg, which rises to a dizzy 1.056 feet (320 metres).

In the 20 centuries since the first Roman settlers began hewing rock from the slopes of St. Pietersberg (Mount St. Peter) on the edge of the city, the inside of the hill has hecome a man-made warren of 20,000 silent passages.

After serving variously as qua-rry, hattle-field and refuge from war throughout their long history. the St. Pietersberg caves are today one of the major attractions drawing up to half a million visitors a year to the Netherlands' oldest

"The area's appeal rests primarily on its culture, tradition and history and the caves are very much a part of this," says Wim Gloudemans of Maastricht's tou-

rist office. The network of caves, over 200 kilometres (125 miles) in length and extending over the border into Belgium, has indeed played a major part in the city's often tur-

bulent history.

It developed over the centuries through the excavation of maristone, a kind of soft sandstone consisting of clay and lime. This started in ancient times and was taken up by the Romans, who established a settlement at Maastricht.

The stone was used for building fortifications, churches and houses, ruins of which can still be seen in the surrounding countryside.
Passages around 12 feet (3.5)

metres) wide were cut deep into the hillside, reaching a height of 45 feet (14 metres) in some places. Since the middle ages, the caves

have served as a refuge for local people from the wars which have raged in the area. The endless, dark labyrinth of passageways and galleries det-

erred all hut the most foolhardy

strangers from venturing in wit-

hout a guide.

arent in 1673, when King Louis XIV of France used it to observe his troops laying siege of Maa-Stricht.

A fortress was huilt on top some 30 years later, connected to the caves by a deep, winding staircase.

Subterranean battles

In 1794, the caves were the site of bloody subterranean battles as revolutionary French armies tried to take the fort.

Napolean Bonaparte was among the many thousands who carved their signatures on the rough walls.

Visitors can see other inscriptions and charcoal drawings dating from as early as 1560, picked out from the impenetrable. blackness by the flickering lamps of their guides. One inscription hears the mel-

ancholy message: "Four monks, gone astray in this cavern, found death in the. year 1640."

Today, the caves are still a source of fascination for local people from the village of St. Pietersberg, who learn their way through the maze from childhood.

"I suppose you could say The military significance of the they're something of an obs-hill of St. Pietersberg became app-ession," says 18-year-old Mati ession," says 18-year-old Math Luyten, a student who acts as guide to some of the caves' 90,000 annual visitors in his spare time.

Internal excavating work has long ceased, but a local cement factory continues to carve stone directly out of one face of the hill, destroying some of the passages in the process.

During the German occupation in the World War II, the caves provided shelter for resistance fighters and Jewish refugees.

Plans were made to accommodate up to 50,000 people if the area should again become a hattle-field, and electric light, water supplies, a chapel, a hospital and even a bakery were installed. The caves also played bost to

asures, including Rembrand's 'nightwatch," which were stored in specially heated chambers for safe-keeping. Although some chambers are still used for growing mushrooms.

tection against nuclear weapons.

many of the Netherlands' art tre-

allows little decay. St. Pietersberg's days as a refuge appear to be over. Next September the 35year-old novelist-turned-archaeologist will lead an A Maastricht city council official says there are no plans to use expedition that includes Egyptian the caves again in the event of war scientists, has Egyptian military and doubts if they would offer proinstitutions.

Bombay.

ains are located in a 300 square kilometre area some 160 kilometres southeast of the modern BOSTON - Writertown of Siwa, once the site of the Archaeologist Gary Chafetz has a oracle of the Egyptian god dream and financial hacking to Ammon. The area is near to the find a Persian army of conquest Libyan border and is a military that ancient Greek Historian Herodotus said got lost under the

"We have to extensively comb this area, visually and where appropriate with ground penetrating radar, looking for anything human," Chafetz said in an interview. "All I have to come up with is one artifact," That artifact, be it a bronze

Chafetz thinks the army's rem-

spear tip or Persian water jug. could prove be had pinpointed the last campsite of an army estimated at having been 15,000 to 50,000

Those troops, of various ancient nationalities and accompanied by wives, concubines, tradesmen and slaves, had been dispatched hy King Cambyses II to conquer the ancient city of Amun while his other troops finished the conquest of Egypt.

They were to destroy the city with its oracle temple, and perhans establish a staging post from clearance and is endorsed by U.S. which to invade Carthage.

would have left Cambyses II in control of much of the known

Chafetz has so far found several piles of rocks called cairns in the area that he thinks could be where the army disappeared. Cairns are set up in the desert by travellers as landmarks.

He said the rockpiles pointed towards Siwa and he believes they indicate the lost camp.

Chafetz thinks the army encountered a hot southerly wind called a Khamsin, which blows only in April and produces violent sandstorms and quick human deh-

ydration. "I do not believe the soldiers were suffocated by sand but instead were killed by a terrifying phenomenon that takes place during sandstorms -- rapid dehydration," he said.

The harshly arid climate of the area is near perfect for pre-servation, he said, adding that it should be possible to find implements of copper and iron used hy the sixth century B.C. army.

His expedition, due to leave on Sept. I, will use camels because rapidly shifting sands could interfere with wheeled vehicles. He

The conquest of Carthage trail with helium balloons, which are easier to see than flags.
His key tool to find evidence of

the army's existence will be special radar units that can detect unusual objects beneath the ground surface hy changes in electrical patterns.

"It does not identify them. Digging the object up is the only certain way of identification," Mr. Chafetz said. Two teams of Egyptian lab-

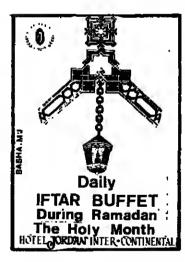
ourers will dig down as far as 10 metres (yards) to determine what the radar may have found in depressions between sand dunes. Mr. Chafetz became intrigued

by the Cambyses army legend while researching a novel on Eth-Among his backers for the expedition, which is costing more than

\$150,000, are the National Geographic Society, the Boston Museum of Fine Arts, the Brooklyn' Museum and Harvard Unl-. versity's Peabody Museum. Mary Smith, a senior assistant

editor at the Geographic Society. said the group's research committee was extremely impressed by Chafetz's research.

He is looking for evidence, not also plans to mark the expedition's. treasure trove. she said.





Take-away orders welcome











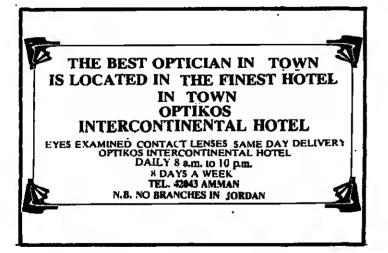


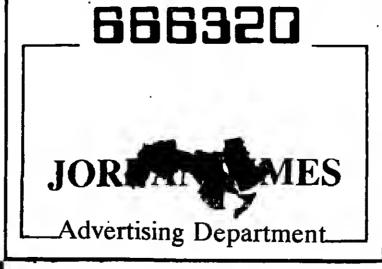






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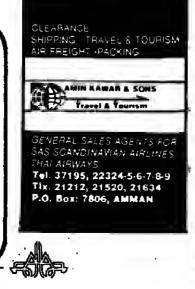


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HOMENERS

Ministry announces pilgrimage prices

AMMAN (Petra) — The Ministry of Awqaf and Islamic Affairs Saturday issued regulations for Muslims wishing to perform the pilgrimage to Mecca and other holy places in Saudi Arabia this year.

According to the regulations, the prospective pilgrims should register with the ministry between June 20 and July 26. Pilgrims should carry passports or other valid travel documents as well as tickets from the airline or hus companies with which they are travelling, the regulations said.

Invalids who want to perform the pilgrimage, the regulations added, should be accompanied by able-bodied persons to accompany them there and hack.

Apart from the fare, a pilgrim will be required to pay JD 100 for. lodgings in Mecca, JD 10 for tent accommodation on Arafat, and JD 20 for a tent on Mina near Mecca where Muslim pilgrims meet according to the pilgrimage tradition.

The hus fares to Mecca range between JD 35 and JD 47 depending on the type and capacity of the buses, but a pilgrim has also to pay for the services of guides who will accompany them to the different holy places in Mecca, according to the regulations.

The regulations also define the routes that are to be followed by buses or other vehicles travelling by land. These are: Al Mudawara, Ammar, Al Brr. Tabbouk, Al Qulaia, Tima. Medina and finally

Momani seeks new Amman rubbish tip

for the city of Amman was discussed at a meeting held here Saturday under the chairmanship of Minister of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment Hassan Al Momani.

Several sites have been suggested to serve as a tip where the refuse will have to either be burnt or huried in a hid to safeguard public safety and protect the environment, a ministry spokesman

He sald that the new site will replace one, located to the north east of Amman where a national

AMMAN (Petra) — The subject of 10,000 dunums. Another mee-of finding a waste and refuse dump of unit be held Monday to continue discussion of the subject and to hear reports and recommendations on the subject by committees representing other government departments and the Amman Municipality.

The meeting Saturday was attended by representatives from the Ministry of Interior, the Natural Resources Authority, the Amman Municipality, the director of the Phosphates Mines Company at Ruseifa, the director of the environment, and the director of planning and organisation at the Ministry of Municipal and Rural Affpark is to be established on an area airs and the Environment.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Yarmouk receives new film equipment

IRBID (Petra) - The Educational Research and Development Centre at Yarmouk University has been equipped with a television studio with four statiooary televisioo cameras which can film any scientific programme or cultural activity being held at the university, according to the university's President 'Dr. 'Adnan' Badran. He said that the centre has also been supplied with a special unit for television film production, a film library including a number of documentary films and slides as well as a video unit and overhead porjectors.

'Ubeidi leaves for Tunis meeting

AMMAN (Petra) - Council of Arah Economic Unity (CAEU) Secretary-General Mahdi Al' Ubeidi will go to Tunis next week to take part in a meeting which will group together all the specialist organisations affiliated to the Arah League and United Nations. The meeting, due to start on June 28, will be attended by the Arab League Secretary General Chadli Klibi.

Cities bank loan to develop roads

IRBID (Petra) — The Cities and Villages Development Bank has approved a JD 80,000 loan for the town of Qamim in the Irhid Governorate for the asphalting of the town's roads. The bank also gave its approval to a JD 50,000 loan to the town of Al Ashrafieh in the same district in order 10 huild a secondary school for girls. Meanwhile, the district governor of Jerash has endorsed a budget for the Deir Al Layat town council. The budget, which totals JD 62,000, will be used mainly to purchase land for schools and to lay a water pipe network in the town.

'Obeidat calls for road safety help

AMMAN (Petra) - Interior Minister Ahmad Oheidat has urged all private and public organisations in Jordan to support the government's drive to reduce road accidents in the country. In a circular which was distributed Saturday, the minister called on all these organisations to assist the Jordan Society for the Prevention of Road Accidents in its campaign to prevent accidents and save tife. It also appealed to everyone to help establish branches of the society in their own regions.

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Former Australian Prime Minister Malcolm Frazer (left) holds talks with Foreign Minister Marwan Al Qasem Saturday (Petra photo)

Former Australian P.M. meets Qasem

AMMAN (Petra) - The visiting former Australian Prime Minister Makolm Frazer Saturday called on Foreign Minister Marwan Al Qasem in order to review of Middle East issues.

During the meeting, Mr. Qasem explained Jordan's stand vis- a-vis the Lebanese question, and reiterated the need for the establishment of a just and durable peace in the region based on a total Israeli withdrawal from Arab lands, and the recognition of Palestinian people's rights in their homeland.

The meeting was attended by the Australian Charge d'Affaires in Amman Mrs. Victoria Kingsmill.

60,000 East, West Bank students begin Tawjihi

AMMAN (J.T.) — The second and final session of this year's General Secondary Certificate (Tawjihi) examinations started on both hanks of the Jordan Saturday. Nearly 60,000 students are taking the exams. 46,000 on the East Bank and 14,000 on the West Bank, according to Dr. Ahmad Bashaireh, director of examinations at the Ministry of Edu-

Officials from the ministry Saturday toured examination halls around the country and were satisfied that everything was going according to plan, with no com-

plications or problems arising. According to Dr. Bashaireh all preparations had been made in advance including facilities to

Mr. Farouk Badran, director general of education in the Amman area. toured a number of Tawjihi halls in Amman and Sweileh. He was accompanied by several officials from the Ministry of

In Irbid, director of education Mohammad Al Halalsheh toured the 52 examination centres in the region which has 158 halls seating 13,383 male and female students.

He said that a total of 1.794 teachers are invigilating and 886 others have been assigned the task of marking the examination papers.

According to Dr. Bashaireh, the results of the examinations for all students on both banks will be allow sick students and prisoners , known by the end of July.

Karak mayor campaigns against polluted water

KARAK (J.T.) — Karak Mayor Abdullah Al Dumur says the drinking water in the city has become polluted due to a leakage of sewage, is urging the central government in Amman to deal immediately with this serious problem.

Ra'i newspaper, said that Ain Sara, the main spring which sup-plies the city with most of its water, is located at a low point of a dies on water samples taken from nearly valley which makes it vulnerable to pollution from nearby

Mayor Dumur made the ann-

The mayor, interviewed by Al ouncement following a meeting at his office with experts from the Natural Resources Authority (NRA) which had carried out stu-Ain Sara water spring.
The water contains bacteria and

nitrates at a rate way above the average permitted by int-

emational standards. The polluted water is dangerous as it causes blood diseases among children in particular. Dr. Dumur said.

In my view, the only solution to the problem is the establishment of water and sewerage networks in Karak, as prepared by the National Planning Council. Dr. Dumur added.

He said according to a study carried out by the National Planning Council the whole project will not cost more than JD 2 million, but when implemented the ancient city will be well protected from any accompanying diseases.

Fire destroys

Building workers die in cement roof crash

Turkish construction workers cubic metres of cement mixture on were killed and five others were injured Friday when a roof at the South Cement Company project site of Rashadiah collapsed. An Egyptian worker was also injured in the incident, which occurred

AL TAFILAH (J.T.) - Three ourers working at the site laid 28 the building roof, originally designed to carry the weight of 150 cubic metres. The workers fell down with the collapsing roof, and the injured were moved to Al Tafilah hospital for treatment. Sawt when the Turkish company lab- Al Shaah reported Saturday.

insurance rates applicable for var-

ious vehicles. The meeting, which

was chaired by the ministry

.Under-Secretary Mohammad

Saleh Al Hourani, was attended

by representatives from the Min-

istry of Interior and the traffic

Ministry studies proposed law on vehicle insurance

AMMAN (Petra) — A meeting held at the Ministry of Industry and Trade Saturday discussed a proposed draft law for the compulsory inclusion in vehicle insurance of second party cover.

The draft law is also to define department.

planted trees near Salt

SALT (Petra) -- Olive and evergreen trees planted over an area of 150 dunums in Wadi Shu'eib near Salt were completely destroyed by fire which spread through the Mikraft region Saturday. a spokesman for the agriculture department said here.

He said that fire engines from the civil defence directorate in Salt and teams from the Ministry of Agriculture rushed to the seen to extinguish the fire.

The department of agriculture in the Balqa and Salt regions had recently set up a special firefighting task force to handle fires. The 20-member team is supplied with fire fighting and wireless cquipment, as well as vehicles and to deal with emergency fires, the spokesman said.

Jabri captures Ma'an's 'ultra-Arabness' for posterity

By Meg Abu Hamdan Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Oo a cool evening last week, just before the Muslim community was about to start its month-long fast, the Jordan Nat-ional Gallery broke its year loog abstinence from organising local exhibitions. It was an abstinence imposed upon it hy pressures of extension, but last week the fast was broken and it was celebrated in the true tradition - with a feast -- a feast of art, of drawings and paintings by one of Jordan's most admired artists, Ali Jabri.

Long awaited

It is an exhibition that has been awaited with some anticipation. The last time a substantial amount of this artist's work was exhibited some four years ago at Noha Batshon's gallery at the Jordan Intercontinental Hotel. At this show, Jabri filled the walls with paintings of Ma'an. paintings that were abead of their time for Jabri was the first one to discover the small Oasis town's hidden beauty. Instead of passing through it without a second glance at the low lying rooves surrounded by high mud brick walls as most people do. Jabri penetrated the labrynth between the houses and discovered a cache, a treasure trove of rich, almost totally unspoiled Jordanian culture, being as it was cut off from the rest of the world by miles of desert.

Jabri was inspired by what he called Ma'an's "ultra-Arabness". by the small squat houses interconnected by narrow alleyways surrounded by gardens, that hud-dled together. He was intrigued by the way the town seem to receed upon itself, disappearing in the blazing white hot heat down its own cool corridors, while its ochres and siennas became inseparable from the surrounding wasteland, and all the time he felt that the towns inhabitants, their faces, the colour of their skin, matched their environment perfectly.

Realising that perhaps Ma'an's his series on the Arah Revolt and days of being a "Pasolini dream of on downtown Amman. mud brick houses and rustling paim trees" were oumbered, that changing values were already causing its deterioration, he set about recording its various and unique

The four paintings from this period in show at the Jordan National Gallery this week epitomise - to record, while there is still time, aspects of his culture that are being destroyed, neglected and overlooked because of the onslaught of modern technology.

Clear literal style

Through these paintings he reveals to us in his clear literal style whose simplicity betrays a deep sophistication the rich greeness of the secret gardens, the softly decaying architecture crumbling to the earth from which it was made. He shows the windows cut through the thick walls, whose cool depth contrasts with the eye biting hrightness of the yellow sky as it reflects the sun's heat. No figures encroach on the feeling of isolation, of eerie and unfathomnable mystery. There is a feeling of calm, of the kind of stiliness that descends when the afternoon heat reduces all to an inevitable and accepted inertia.

ART REVIEW

Jabri's remarkable craftsmanship comes into its own in these pieces. Although he chafes at the "futility of trying to catch total realism" the leaves of the palm glimpsed through the 'Adohi Window" are so beautifully rendered in all their different hues of green and with all the criss-cross patchwork of shadows that ooe could surely reach out and touch them.

The Jabri touch

It is perhaps hecause of this ahility to draw what he sees around him so well that a recent remark about Jabri's work was made. The comment was that Jabri was an illustrative painter, and Jabri maintains that this is true, for what he is simply trying to do is to record these things for posterity when very concievably they will no longer exist. He claims there is no time to be concerned with formalism, with the latest modes and techniques as he used 10 be, and while this may be true to a certaio extent there is definitely not a lack Jabri touch which is most potent in his compositions and in his mishmashes, his montages of different elements of essentially Jordanian culture. Supreme examples of this aspect of his work are rge from the peeling paint.

Both were originally suites of four paintings, but the Arab Revolt is the only one Jabri managed to obtain as a whole (his work being spread all over the globe by collectors). The series is "emblematic" of the revolt, not a depcame together in that epic struggle. Heoce each scene, each person, each individual huilding and each tiny antiquity is loaded with significance and because each picture spills over into the next there is a wholeness, a continuity. a unity and despite their frames of graffiti strewn ochre they are inseparable.

Essential Arabness

The downtown series - such a method is for Jabri stimulating as it sets up "resonances", a flow of ideas, a dynamism - is almost in complete contrast to the former. The Arab Revolt series is full of light, yellows and ochres and "wide open poetry" while the lat-ter is all the "funk and kitsch of downtown Amman". Here against the deep blue sky of night, we see the neon lights reflected endlessly in the plate glass windows of the "Jerusalem Cafe". We see the flashing advertisements, the little round balconies, the towering minaret -- the old architecture next to the modern whose rows of. square windows are lit with all the different subtleties of hues only artificial light produces. These pic-tures are the essence of downtown in all its rich diversity and essential Arabness. They tell us that these things are as much a part of Jordanian culture as the coffee cup and its companiable glass of water and as the rows of "terracotta Heads from the Citadel".

Other excellent works which are midway between these montages and the simple, totally spontaneous watercolours of Iraq Al Amir which exude the feeling ·Jabri had when painting them of "melting into the landscape" are the still life compositions of objects drawn from the Islamic decorations at the Musec de Louvre and the Cairo series where the magnificently drawn minarets receed into the deepening perspectives and where we feel the endlessness of the rooves of the congested urban housing.

Sensitive craftsmanship

of originality in his work. There is a specific almost tangible flair, a craftsmanship, but where he really ntings testify to Jabri's sensitive excells is when he is painting acres of whitewashed walls and old wood work ("Blue Window" and "Mud House in the Valley") where hesitant tones of blue eme-

With all these works Jabri is making a single statement an demands our attention and makes us aware of the potential disaster Arah culture is about to suffer, as no other artist is doing. It therefore must be said that some of the less serious work should periction of its "blood and gore". It is haps have been omitted as these a collage of all the different ele- are liable to detract and confuse.

exhibition, which is almost a retrospecove, are some delightful sketchbooks full of wry and ironic humour about the day in a life of the artist, a series of satirical collages and last but not least tucked Al Bilbeisi remains one of the

need for the preservition of Jordanian culture. Over the years Jabri has made extensive research on the old and very beautiful Qasr Al Bilbeisi which is situated next to the Roman Amphitheatre downtown. It is a specific example that highlights the whole problem

beisi, through his photographs. drawings, comments and proposals he rams his message home loud and clear. "Though cracked and disfigured", he writes, "Qasr

Jabri's ultimate comment on the Amman, a patrician presence among the jerry built cement and aluminium closing in all round; one of the last of the "Buit Al Sharaf' (Houses of Honour) surviving in a city exploding with demographic growth. changing values and an entrepreneural thirst for real estate". "..... What is of neglect of a fast disappearing a capital city," he concludes, "witculture and through Oasr Al Bilhour a sense of its past? Beautiful old buildings such as these should be saved by order until funds and restoration are available".

away in the small back room is most handsome structures in

This is Jabri's message and one we should all listen to. The exhibition continues until June 22.



Two out of the series of four collages by the artist Ali Jabri entitled "The Arab Revolt"



Board of Directors: MARKATAN DINAS TANKA KAMMAD BAJA PLESA MOBAMMAD ANAD Mannold al Kayed LICE II SHOUN SOUR CARE SHEET ALLIAN 20 - published daily except bridge

Not a shot in the dark

THE GREATEST thing about Ronald Reagan deciding to run for president again is that we would not have either of his two principal advisers, Messrs. Shultz and Weinberger, enmpeting for the same job. During presidential elections, somebody in Washington has got tn keep U.S. fareign policy on a steady course, we reason; and there is na better choice than the two secretaries of states to do just that, especially where the Middle East and Jewish votes are concerned, we would have thought.

It turned out to be an over estimation on our part, as one of the two secretaries has already decided to gear up for an election fight, away from acts of balance in the Middle East.

Not long after he took over the Pentagon, Mr. Weinberger seemingly was always on his toes, trying to convince the president that Arabs too were good friends of the United States and not just Israel. And he might have even been the one whn toppled Alexander Haig, in pursuit of proving this point.

Today, the same Mr. Weinberger has no qualms whatsoever about inviting darting Israet to be Washington's leading lady in the area, once again. "Fnrget about the Arabs".

Either Israel must have been misunderstood by the defence secretary all during his months at the Defence Department, or else things in the United States have changed beyond recognition?

Mr. Weinberger chuld have misunderstood Israel, but it is unlikely that the Jewish state is much more to his liking now, What about all the problems that the Israelis gave him, bis president and country since the administration was installed in 1981?

Things must be different in Washington then - and, they are: Reagan is about to ask Americans for a second term, and contacts with the Jewish community are already underway to seek expert help for re-election. But that is not all.

The only achievement in Inreign policy that the Reagan administration could boast about is the U.S.-negotiated Israeli-Lebanese troop withdrawal of last May 17. Naw, even this would not work, but will have to if Mr. Reagan is to have a better chance of beating the Democrats in 1984. There is also the form of the Reagan presidency to be true to, and that is to blame it on the Soviets, wherever and

So, Mr. Weinberger, who does not have to be as diplomatic as the secretary of state, Vir. Shultz, announces on television that Israel can come at any moment and sign the memorandum for strategic understanding that he had earlier decided is too much far the Israelis, right after Menachem Begin decided to annex (or "virtually" annex) the Golan Heights 17 months ago.

(Remember also that Mr. Weinberger is not nnly a close confidant of Mr. Reagan, and his defence secretary, but a one-time campaign manager, nr something similar, to the president from the old days of California).

And, now, we all have Mr. Weinberger, on whom Arabs pinned so much hope in helping to balance the long standing anti-Arab bias in Washington, tell us that Israel is really the answer to what his country, under this president, wants.

Some of us of course are still arguing that Mr. Weinberger's comments on the strategic pact with Israel last Tuesday were only intended to put pressure on the Syrians to pull out of Lebanon, and on the Soviets in behave, but, from what we just seen, nobody wants in believe that that is the whole truth. For Arab sceptics therefore Mr. Weinberger's shut the other day was not fired in the dark, and he may have intended it to signal to his old friends in the region that something was indeed changing in Washington.

ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i: Factionalism favours only Israel

SOUTH LEBANON is the stage for the courageous resistance by the Lebanese people to the Israeli occupation forces. Foreign reporters state that the area has become a trap for the invading forces. Far to the north in Tripoli, a sorrowful slaughter of innocent Lebanese civilians took place Thursday. This paradoxical situation occurring on Lebancse soil has a lot to do with the dilemma the Israeli aggressors are facing in Lebanon. It is obvious that what took place in Tripoli is a criminal attempt at undermining the integrity of the Lebanese people in the face of the Israeli occupation. It is aimed at diverting the Lebanese struggle into inter-factional hostilities that will keep all Lebanese groups sidetracked with one another. It is pitiful that such violence takes place while all parties in Tripoli voice their awareness of what is going on, and the hosule intentions behind the increase in strife.

Al Dustour: Future in Tripoli's hands

IT IS naive to ask in whose interest were the recent killing of innocent people and the imposition of a reign of terror in the north Lebanese city of Tripoli? The inter-Lebanese hostilities have been the base for the tsraeli invasion of Lebanon, and the invaders storming into the Lebanese capital. It is the reign of chaos and terror over the past year that had rendered Beirut a divided city. The enemies of Lebanon and its Arab affiliation and the enemies of the Palestinian people and its right to a homeland had paved the way for the Israeli occupation. The present instigators of hostilities are in no way apart from this shameful trend. Every lionest Lebanese and Arab should fear that the massacre of civilians in Tripoli is a plot which seeks to open new hostilities that will undermine the internal Lebanese "front," and pave the way for a redeployment of Israel's invading forces.

It is a great national responsibility for all the Lebanese people to bear, and the Tripoli people in particular must confront the new wave of terror in their city. To preserve Lebanese national unity in the face of Israel's occupation such conflict must be ended at once. The state of mourning and sorrow that overwhelmed Tripoli Friday was spontaneous expression of its people's concern over what had taken

Sawt Al Shaab: A spur to Arab action

THE MASSACRE of civilians in Tripoli cannot be seen in isolation from the bloody acis committed by Israel on Lebanese territory. It is a characteristic part of the neo-Nazi trend fostered by Israel, its secret agents and its Haddad sponsored tools. The failure of Israel's occupation forces to face the mounting Lebancse resistance to its presence has led the terrorist-minded occupationists to unleash their Lebanese proxies to undermine the Lebanese resistance from within. Assassination of Lebanese civilians in the Tripoli streets, and the siege of Lebanese villages is part of Israel's technique. Civilians. including women, are arrested and subjected to inhuman torture under the illusion that such terrorism might weaken the Lebanese national resistance. It is an old Zionist tradition that reminds us of the massacre of Palestinians long practised by Israel, the most recent of which is the Sabra and Shatilla slaughter.

Imes Arafat's diplomacy at crossroads in Bekaa

By Nicholas Moore

DAMASCUS -- Yasser Arafat may yet ride out the present challenge to his leadership, but if so. militants are likely to impose sharp restrictions on his freedom to toy with U.S.-devised recipes for an Arab-Isreali settlement.

Palesinian sources reported that more and more members of his Fateh commando movement were impatient both with Arafat and with the leftist dissidents who in early May started what has been published as a mutiny against him.

Mr. Arafat, 54, has chaired the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) since 1969 but Fatch. which he co-founded in the late 1950s, remains the largest of eight commando groups and his power

The Palestinian sources said a

groundswell of opinion was bui- survives in office. lding in Fatch against unseating Mr. Arafat, whose name, grizzled beard and chequered headdress symbolise worldwide the Palestinian struggle for a state in the Middle East.

Even dissidents' spokesman Jihad Saleh told Reuters that there is no personal feud against Arafat".

But insiders said there is also sympathy for aspects of the dissidents case that Arafat has attached too much importance to diplomacy, too little to armed struggle and made several unpopular military appointments.

Diplomais said the dissidents did not appear to have won either great support for their leader. Col. Abu Musa, or won over any prominent Fateh leaders, but they provoked wide questioning of Arafat's tactics and a probable drift to hardline militancy if he

'Arafat has tried to be all things

to all men and it has hardly worked." one diplomat said, though he noted that Arafat perhaps had the hardest job in the world.

The PLO is composed of disparate groups. Its fighters have been battered at intervals by Arab as well as Israeli armies.

Mr. Arafat, a wily backstairs political operator, has often acted on his own initiative. exploring one dead-end after another for a way round Israel's refusal to accommodate a Middle Eastern Palestimian state.

The Fatch left wing showed is hand before the "muriny" flared early in May. In April it blocked Arafat's moves to try to agree on a formula under which Jordan would enter U.S.-sponsored talks with Israel on Palestinian self-rule in the West Bank.

That autonomy, in association

with Jordan, was all Washington considered it could hope to secure from Israel for the Palestinians.

The Fatch left is at least clear on what it wants - a more militant armed struggle together with a reconstruction of the Fateh forces dispersed after last summer's military disaster in Beirut and an end to further "deviation" by Arafat towards U.S.-sponsored peace initiatives.

The dissidents say they reject even last autumn's Arab League peace plan, since it implied recognising Israel's right to exist. Largely the Saudis' work, it was endorsed by Mr. Arafat. But that was only because the PLO had been humiliated by the American-backed Israelis in the Beirut siege, the dissidents say. They say the PLO has achieved

nothing except by violence. Yct Palestinian sources report that Mr. Arafat is spending more new forward military hea-

controlled Lebanon. In the Jordan Times, a respected Amman commentator on Palestinian affairs. Mr. Rami Khouri, contended that the world had to take seriously the Fateh "rebellion" and drift to militancy as a response to repeated Arab humiliations culminating in the

mandos remain in Syrian-

Beirut siece. Mr. Khouri wrote: "It may be that this is the swan song of Arab nationalism, the last desperate but meaningless gasp of a political force that has sought for some 70 years to give meaning to the concept of Arabs who are free, selfrespecting and proud".

On the other hand, this may be the stall of yet another era in the

time in the north Lebanon town of Arab quest for political and eco-Tripoli and this has prompted spe-nomic independence that traces its culation that he is establishing a roots back to the Great Arab Revolt of Sharif Hussein of the douarters - at least 8.000 com- Hijaz in the World War I years".

"It is short-sighted to talk only of rebellion in Fateh." Mr. Khouri argued, insisting that a similar debate filled every Arab mind.

"Does one fight? Does one compromise? Does one surrender gracefully? Does one have faith in America as a mediator" he

Diplomais in the region meaawhile predict that Syria will have no option but to regulate commando activities to avoid being dragged into war with Israel.

Some Arab governments shudder at the prospect that commando frustrations might boil over in a new round of intemational activity reminiscent of the spectacular hijackings of



'U.S. aims to take middle path on arms control'

By Jeffrey Antevil

WASHINGTON — The Reagan administration's major new statement on relations with the Soviet Union was designed to strike a halance between confrontation and conciliation. U.S. officials say.

The lengthy statement by Secretary of State George Shultz on Wednesday was described in some press reports the next day as moderate and conciliatory, while others said it struck a harsh note of opposition to the Kremlin.

White House officials told Reuters that Shultz was speaking for the president, who reviewed the statement before it was presented to the Senate Foreign Relations Committee.

State Department said some lan- at least to a personal letter that he said, while conceding that

guage in the 35-page document could be quoted to support either interpretation of the administration's policy.

But they said the aim was to take a middle path between a confrontational approach and an appearance that Washington was easing its arms control stand or its opposition to Soviet actions in Poland, Afghanistan and elsewhere.

"We're trying to follow a pretty balanced approach." a White House foreign policy aide said.

The aide said the long and comprehensive statement reflected real interest in improving the relationship "but it is going to be difficult to do that if Soviet activities continue as they have."

He said Shultz basically restated These officials and others at the administration policy dating back

sident Leonid Brezhnev in April

The aide said the message in both cases was: "We're interested in improving the relationship. Are A State Department specialist

on U.S.-Soviet relations said the truth probably lay somewhere between the conflicting hard-line and soft-line interpretations. Disputing assessments by some

U.S.-Soviet experts such as former ambassador to Moscow George Kennan that relations are at a crisis point, he said there had been much more tense periods in the

There is a high-level U.S.-Soviet dialogue, including regular talks between Shultz and Soviet Ambassador Anatoly Dobrynin,

Reagan wrote to then-Soviet Pre- "there's not a lot of substantive limit such weapons on both sides. accomplishments in the relationship right now."

"But that's because the Soviets won't move on any of these issues." the State Department specialist said.

He said Washington had made major moves to advance the Geneva negotiations on strategic and medium-range missiles and was encouraging a political settlement to get Soviet troops out of Afg-

"Now they've got to show some movement somewhere," he said. He said Moscow clearly recognised that NATO would begin deploying new U.S. nuclear missiles late this year despite what he called Soviet efforts to create public fears in Western Europe, but the Kremlin still did not appear

ready for serious negotiations to

"They're going to still try to play upon these fears to make us pay the highest possible political

price for deployment," he said.

Shultz told the Senate committee on Wednesday he saw no prospects for a quick agreement any of the U.S.-Soviet arms negotiations or for an early summit meeting between Reagan and Soviet President Yuri Andropov.

Shultz appeared to be willing to accept the consequences if there were no new arms control accords, telling the senators: "That's the

way the chips fall." He condemned Soviet actions around the world and outlined a U.S. strategy aimed at forcing Moscow to change its policies by increasing Western military, economic and political pressures.

Rejecting the detente policy of President Richard Nixon and Secretary of State Henry Kissinger in the 1970s, Shutlz said: "Our policy ... assumes that the Soviet Union is more likely to be deterred by our actions that make clear the risks their aggression entails than by a delicate web of interdependence."

But Shultz balanced his tough ialk by saying that Americans need not accept as inevitable the prospect of endless, dangerous confrontation with the Soviet Union."

He said the administration was seeking "to engage the Soviet leaders in a constructive dialogue."

He pledged that "we will respect legitimate Soviet security interests and are ready to negotiate equitable solutions to outstanding political problems."

Reunification is irrelevant myth with most Germans

By Paul Taylor Reuter

BONN — West German politicians Friday marked the 311th anniversary of a failed workers' uprising in Communist East Germany with ringing speeches about German reunification. On "German Unity Day", pub-

ic speakers up and down the land once again recall the preanable of West Germany's 1949 basic law (constitution): "The entire Gcrman people is called upon to achieve in free self-determination the unity and freedom of Germany. In a year when new U.S.

medium-range nuclear missiles are due to be deployed in West Germany, that goal seems more illusory than ever.

To most West Germans, reunification is an increasingly irrelevant myth, a pipe-dream to which politicians have to pay lip service but which means little to the man in the street.

East Germany. . as usual, will ignore the event, and a vast maiority of West Germans will probably use what one satirist calls 'German Autobahn (motorway) Day" to drive off for an extended weekend in the countryside.

Millions of West Germans still have relatives in the East, but few believe they will ever be reunited in one state.

An opinion poll published by

the magazine Bunte showed only one West German in four believes in reunification and 7t per cent think it will never happen.

Fewer illusions on unity

Curiously the poll indicated that supporters of Bonn's new Conservative-led government. which preaches pan-German unity more actively than the opposition Social Democrats, have even fewer illusions about that

For a minority of West Germans on both the right and the left, reunification is a goal to be achieved by political action. For the rest. German unity means little more than being able to travel more frequently between the two

German states. "We'd be perfectly happy if it just cost less to go over there and visit our parents." said Ingrid Bachmann. 36, a Cologne dentist whose family lives in the Communist state.

Right-wing German nationalism, long a fading force, has gained little fresh impetus from the establishment of a more Conservative government in Bonn.

Chancellor Helmut Kohl uses more of the rhetoric of German unity than his predecessor Helmut Schmidt, speaking frequently of "the fatherland" and of patriotic

But in practice he has adopted the same pragmatic policy of patient dialogue with East Berlin which successive left-liberal governments pursued, without reviving Bonn's earlier pretention to speak for the entire German nat-

Right-wing Interior Minister Friedrich Zimmermann touched some raw nerves in Eastern Europe during last winter's efection campaign by saying that German interests did not stop at the Oder-Neisse border between East Germany and Poland.

But Bonn quickly played down his remarks, which seemed more aimed at his Bavarian electorate than at staking out an aggressive new claim to former German territories now part of Poland and the Soviet Union.

To the annoyance of East Berlin. Warsaw and Moscow, School atlases in Conservative-ruled West German states still show Germany within the borders of the pre-1937 German Reich.

Weather maps on television now skirt round the issue by showing no borders at all but forecasting weather for both East and West Germany, reflecting the fact that many East Germans prefer to on East Germany in return for watch capitalist West German tel-

Perhaps surprisingly, the

standard-bearers of German unity now tend to be found more on the left than on the right.

Greens dream of unity

The radical, anti-nuclear Greens and some left-wing Social Democrats have begun dreaming again of a neutral, demilitarised Germany, a vision that effectively evaporated in the mid-1950s when West Germany was firmly anchored into the West.

To most West Germans this is just as much a myth as the reunified democracy foreseen in their constitution.

Though politicians remain reluctant to admit it, they know Bonn's Western allies would be no more inclined than the Soviet Union to countenance a neutral. reunited Germany.

But the idea of a Germany free of the two great power blocs gives some West German leftists an added rationale for rejecting the deployment of U.S. cruise and Pershing-2 missiles here this year. A growing number of "rev-

isionist" left-wing historians are now focusing on the early 1950s when Moscow appeared to toy with the idea of loosening its grip neutralisation of the federal rep-

Their analyses usually conclude

that it was the Western allies who thwarted German national aspirations by binding Bonn to NATO. But the political weekly Der Spiegel prominent in the anti-missile lobby, has come up

with a different explanation. Spiegel says it was the 1953 East German revolt which unwittingly wrecked any chance of reunification, proving to the Kremlin that it could not afford to relinquish East Germany.

The magazine says the uprising many,

led directly to the fall of Soviet Interior Minister Beria, said to have plotted an accommodation with the West.

one man whom Spiegel says he had sent to East Berlin to prepare the East German leadership for his change of course. The man was Vladimir Sem-

Beria and his aides were exe-

cuted six months later, except for

yonov who, ironically, is now the Soviet ambassador to West Ger-

LETTERS

Channel 6 allegedly foreign

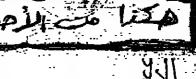
To the Editor:

How nice it is to sit down in the evening and relax a little by switching on your television for half an hour or so and be able to look at a funny, little comedy in a language you are able to

But, too many times one is unwillingly invited to look for half an hour or even more to a person reading Arabic texts, a military parade, etc. This all in Arabic without even the smallest English. translation. This is certainly not my idea of a foreign channel. May

> R. Blomen Amman





Uncertainty prevails in Palestinian refugee camp

By Michael Sheridan

EIN AL HILWE CAMP, Lebanon - The children look carefree enough as they chatter and play outside the dusty tents of their school but the Palestinian refugees in this huge camp in

South Lebanon are living in fear. Murder, kidnapping, forced evictions by armed men and the fear of an uncertain future hang over the 50,000 people crammed in or around its straggling muddy alleys and wretched shacks.

Officials of the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestinians (UNRWA) say more are sacre of Palestinians in the Beirut aelis, were shot dead. seeking refuge in the camp every week as armed men, wideply believed to be right-wing Lebanese militias, terrorise Palestinians in Israeli-held South Lebanon.

While the children of Ein Al Hilwe play amid rubble and refuse, a heavily armed Israeli patrol rumbles past.

Ironically, most refugees are believed to see the Israelis as their only protection against vengeful foes of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) which controlled soutbern Lebanon until Israel invaded.

Memories of last year's mas-

camps are strong here. UNRWA says at least 30 refugees have been murdered in the Sidon and Tyre areas this year.

In the last five weeks, 14 famfrom their homes at gunpoint by unidentified men. UNRWA off-

Several Palestinians have been abducted in recent weeks, and their fate remains unknown.

The night after I visited the camp, a gunbattle broke out among the Palestinians themselves. Two young men. said to be "collaborators", with the Isr-

Israeli troops have arrested dozens of young men in Ein Al Hilwe on suspicion of commando activities.

They have detained seven Palilies have fled to the camp, driven estinian UNRWA staff members since May 1. Three are still held. No explanation has been offered and no formal charges made. UNRWA officials say.

> Armed men have even entered the camp to threaten workmen. putting up a new school for the children, who will otherwise have to sit at their desks in tents when winter comes.

alling, whole families live in miserable tin-tooled huts or (umbledown temporary homes made of packingboard. Hasty rebuilding work continues on concrete block housing destroyed, like the school, by Israeli fire.

There is no hospital in Ein Al Hilwe. The International Red Cross runs a clinic and dispensary but anyone who is seriously ill has to be treated in the nearby port of

Two of the three mosques for the almost exclusively Muslim population of the camp were destroyed last year.

Adding to the misery of daily life here is the fear of intimidation or worse and a growing worry of wbat will happen next.

Palestinians interviewed in the camp told of threats made 10 those working outside its boundaries, of harassment and the gnawing unc-entainty of what the future may

Down the road to Sidon, the men of Maj. Saad Haddad's "free Lebanon army" man eheckpoints and patrol in their distinctive grey Sherman tanks and armoured cars. flying the red white and green cedar emblem of Lebanon.

Sworn enemies of the PLO and paid allies of Israel, they are viewed with trepidation by the ref-ugees. The Israelis do not allow them to enter the camp.

"You must see that security is the most important thing for us," said one refugee in his 50's.

If Israel pulls out under the agreement negotiated with Lebanon. some people think there could be an expanded role for Maj. Haddad in South Lebanon.

And even if the real Lebanese army was to take control this far south, none of the refugees interviewed in Ein Al Hilwe expressed any confidence in its ability to provide security.

Nearly all said they continued to hope for a homeland but nobody was optimistic about the near future. One said: "We are Palestinians. We expect to be opp-



Palestinian refugee children in Ein Al Hilwe refugee camp are resuming their studies in tents (UNRWA

Naomi explains ethnic America

Palestinian refugees at Ein Al Hilwe refugee camp in Lebanou are tiving in appalling conditions in tin-roofed huts (UNRWA photo).

WASHINGTON -- What is an ethnic American? According to poet Naomi Nye, every American citizen shares a common and distinctive culture. And each of the ethnic voices in America has something to say.

and singer, was selected as a national poetry series winner in 1981. She was born in St. Louis and is of Arab descent. Last month Mrs. Nye presented modern ethnic voices of American poetry to audiences in the Middle East and South Asia on a trip sponsored by the United States Information

Agency. In a recent interview, she said that her four-week tour of Bangladesh, Pakistan, Jordan and Israel provided an opportunity to explain what it is like to be ethnic

'I read as much ethnic American poetry as I could." Mrs. Nye across the world". said. "Many in my audiences were surprised that so many ethnic voitoday. I also reinforced my own feelings as an ethnic American".

Mrs. Nye selected some of her own poetry as well as works by Americans of Chinese. Spanish. and Jewish descent as well as noted Arab-American poets such as Professor Samuel Hazo.

"I was surprised to find that my audiences were familiar with strong American voices such as Hazo and Robert Bly." she said. 'In Bangladesh I read poetry on the stage with the minister of agriculture, a very serious, wonderful poet. The people there looked upon poetry as an essential exp-

erience more so than many Americans might assume looking out

Mrs. Nye said that in Pakistan she was a part of a "mushoira." ces are speaking in America the traditional sharing of Pakistani poetry. "People gather and sit on read their own poetry, passing a candle from poet to poet".

During her visits to universities, private homes, academies, libraries and women's organisations. Mrs. Nye said she began to gain a sense of "belonging to people's personal lives". Among the experiences she cherishes most is her visit to an orphanage in Amman where she sang for 150 orphan

boys and they sang for her. "I told my audience that since many Americans are connected to on the tour. other parts of the world by birth

and heritage, they too are more sympathetic to foreign affairs than be world press night indicate".

Mrs. Nye added that one advantage of being an American is that "We can agree or disagree with current policy. The ability to be able to raise our voices is a strength. Americans of all backgrounds are respected for their viewpoint".

Mrs. Naomi Nye grew up in the southwest United States. She is the daughter of Aziz Shihab, who emigrated to the United States from Jerusalem. Shihab, a journalist, is an editor of the special sections department of the Dallas Morning News. He speaks Arabic. and he accompanied his daughter

Mrs. Nye's background has

produced a style of poetry typical of both Arabic verse and the oral traditions of the United States southwest story tellers. She explained that although she had visited her family home on the West Bank before, on this trip she stood on her uncles's porch and felt as if she were living the poetry that had sprung from her imagination.

Some of what I have written came from facts, but a lol earne from dreaming about what my uncle must have seen when looking out from his porch," she said.

"But this year as I stood recalling lines from my poems I realised that I was seeing deeper than the surface of what I knew. I discovered how elosely (ogether the paths of literal fact and imagination run".



Naomi Shihab Nye

TV & RADIO

JORDAN TELEVISION MAIN CHANNEL

	Koran
	Cartoons
16:10	Life in the Barari
16:35	Famous Scientists
16:45	Children's Programme
17:10	Klicket
19-10	Arabic Series
	News in Arabic
	Ramadan Quiz
	Cinema '83
20.05	Andria Spring
74:10	Arabic Series
	News Summary
23:16	Arabic Series Cool

19:00 19:30 20:00 20:30 21:10	French Programme News in French News in Hebrew News in Arabic Brass Nantay News in English The Rules of Marriage (Part 111)	
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FOREIGN CHANNEL

RADIO JORDAN 855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM & parily on 9500 KHz, SW

07:00	Morning Show
07:30	News Bulletin
	News Summary
	Morning Show
12-00	News Summary
12:05	Pop Session
13:00	News Summary
13:03	Caich the Words
14:00	News Bulletin
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17:00 18:00 (8:05 19:00 19:30 29:00	Listeners' Choice News Summary Jazz Hour Newsdesk Date with a Star Evening Show
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BBC WORLD SERVICE 06:00 Newsdesk 86:30 Wimbledon Pre-view 06:45 Financial Review 86:55 Ref-lections 87:00 World News 87:89 British lections 97:00 World News 97:89 British Press Review 97:15 Letterbox 97:30 Parade 97:45 Letter from America 68:00 Newsdesk 98:30 Counterpart 99:00 World News 99:09 News about Britain 99:15 From Our Own Correspondent 99:30 Sarah and Company 10:00 World News 10:09 Reflections 10:15 The Pleasure's Yours 11:00 World News 11:09 British Press Review 11:15 People and Politics 11:45 Sports Review 12:15 Classical Record Review 12:30 Religious Service 13:00 World News 13:09 News About Britain 13:15 Letter from America 13:30 Play of the Week 13:09 News About Britain 13:15 Letter from America 13:30 Play of the Week 14:30 The Economic Consequences of Jhou Maynard Keynes 15:00 World News 15:09 Commentary 15:15 Good Books 15:39 Short Story 15:45 The Tony Myatt Request Show 16:30 The Cults 17:60 Radio Newsreel 17:15 Concert Hall 18:00 World News 18:09 Commentary 18:15 From Our Own Correspondent 18:35 Financial Review 18:45 Letter from America 19:00 World News 19:09 Meridian 19:40 Reflections 19:45 Sportcall 20:00 World News 20:00 News about Britain 20:15 Radio Newsreel 26:30 Resin of Britain 19:83 1:50 Newsreel 26:30 Resin of Britain 19:83 21:50 sreel 29:30 Brain of Britain 1983 21:00 Parade 21:15 A Lucky Woman 22:00 World News 22:09 Commentary 22:15 Letterbox 22:30 Sunday Half-Hour 23:50 Love and Mr. Lewisham 23:15 The Pleasure's Yours 24:00 World News 00:09 Science in Action 00:40 Ref-lections 00:45 Sportscall 01:00 World News 01:09 Commentary 01:15 Letter from America 01:30 Alternative Proms

05:00 The Breakfast Show: News. Informal Presentation of Popular Music with Feature Reports, Interviews, Answers to Listener's Ouestions, Science Digest. News Summary at 3tl minutes past the hour. 17:00 News 17:10 New Horizons and New Products 17:30 Special English News and Features 18:00 News 18:10 International Viewpoints 18:30 Music USA Standards 19:00 News 19:10 Critic's Choice 19:30 Special English News and Features 20:00 News 20:10 Sunday Report 20:30 Issues in the News 21:00 News 21:10 International Viewpoints 21:30 Music USA Standards 22:00 News and Editorial 22:15 Concert

VOICE OF AMERICA

FILM

M.A.S.H." at the American Centre

EXHIBITION

CULTURAL CENTI	RES
Royal Cultural Centre Tel. 60 American Centre	61026/7 41520 6147-8 37009 41993 44203 24049 39777 665195 667181 41793 664251

MUSEUMS

Folklore Muneum: Jewelry and cos-tumes over 100 years old. Also mesaics from Madaba and Jerush (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening bours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 51760. p.m., Year-tound, 1el. 57 (70).

Jordan Arcineological Moneum: Has an
excellent collection of the antiquities of
Jordan, Jabal Al Oul'a (Citadel Hill).
Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. 4.00 p.m.). Closed Tuesdays.

Jordan National Gallery: Contains a col-

lection of paintings, ceramics, and scu-lpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countriesand a from most of the Muslim countrieand a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal Lawelbdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. - 6.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 301 28.

Military Museum: Collection of military memorabilis dating from the Arab Revolt of 1910. Sports City, Amman. Opening hours 9 a.m.-4 p.m. Closed Saturdays. Tel. 664240.

WHAT'S GOING ON

Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to 150 year old items such as costumes, weapons, musical instruments. etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. Cloud Tuesdays. Tel. 37169. **TODAY'S EVENTS**

SERVICE CLUBS

Lloss Ammen Club. Meetings every
first and third Wednesday at the Tyche
Hotel, 1.30 p.m.
Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings
every second and fourth Wednesday at
the Amman Marriott Hotel, 1.30 p.m.
Philadelphia Rotary Clob. Meetings
every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn.
1:30 p.m.
Rotary Club. Meetinis every Tuesday at
the Intercontinental Hotel, fl.00 p.m.
Royal Automobile Club. Jabal Amman,
Eighth Circle, Tel. 815261.
ANGALIS CAUCATOR STEEL S

CHURCHES

Jeseph Church (Roman Catholic)

Jabai Amman, tel. 24590, Church of the Annuwciation (Roman Catholic) Jabai Luweibdeh, 37440. De in Salle Church (Roman Catholic) Jabel Hussein, 661757. Church of the Appropriation (Greek Anglican Church (Church of the Red-cemer) Jabal Amman, 43453. Armenian Catholic Church Ashrafich, Armenian Orthodox Church Ashrafieh, 75261.

St. Ephraim Church (Syrian Orthodox) Ahrafieh, 71751.
Annun International Church (Interdenominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani, 663249.

PRAYER TIMES

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FOR THE TRAVELLER AMMAN AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Alia information department at the Queen Alia International Airport, rel. (DB) 53250, 53070, 53082, 53171, where it should

ARRIVALS

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	3:25	Cairo IMSI
		Kuwait (KU)
		Jeddah (SV)
		Baghdad IAI
		Caim (RJ)
		- Paris RJ
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1	16:15 .	Athens (R)
		Brussels, Frankfurt (RJ)
	17:05 .	Aqabs [R]
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DEPARTURES

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99:15	Larnaca, Tripoli (LN
18:30	Rome (RI
11:00	Amsierdam, New York (R.
11:tS	Athens (R)
11:38	Cairo (R
	Riyadh, Dhahran (SV
11:50	Copenhagen (SK
12:15	Lamaka (RJ
14:36	Cairo (RJ
14:30	Kewait (KU
	Agaba (RU
16:30	

6:50	Jeddah [SV]
	Beiru (RJ)
	Kuwait (RJ)
	Dhahran [RJ]
	Jeddah RJ
	Bahrain, Doha (RI)
	Abu Dhabi (R)
10:15	Baghdad RI
	Baghdad, London (BA)
	Cairo IRJ
	Dubai, Muscal [RJ]
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11:25	

MONEY EXCHANGE

Local sellibuy rate	s in fils
Belgian franc	71.8
Outch guilder 127.1/	127.9
Egyptian guinea 335.8/	340,3
French franc	47.4
Iraqi dinar	452.5
Italian lire (for 1001 24/	24.2
Japanese yen for 1001 151.1/	152
Kuwaiti dinar 1236.5/	1243
Lebanese lira 84.9/	K5.5
Omani riyal 1043.5/	1051.2
Oztari riyal 94.2	49,9
Saudi riyal 105.1/	105.8
Swedish crown 47.2	47.5
Swiss franc 171.4/	172.4
Syrian tire	64
UAE dirham 98.5/	
U.K. sterling pound 554.3/	557.6
U.S. dollar 363/	365
W. German mark 141.9	142.8

WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of

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Low/high temperature in	deg.C
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Aqaba	25/31
Deserts	20/37
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Yesterday's high lemperatures: Amman 35.3. Aquba 40.2. Humidity readings: Amman 24 per cent, Aquba

USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS. **EMERGENCIES**

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Ambulance	Al Arabiah Al Kubra pharmacy 23171
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Class best	Aushnay pharmacy 319155
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Fire headquarters	Vinecia taxi
Police rescue 192, 21111, 37777	Mihyar tazi
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Traffic police 5634(1-1	Shmeisani tazi
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Army. Marka NIGHT DUTY AMMAN:

Dr. Nidal Maragab 71218:842642

Or. Nidal Haddad 74540 GENERAL lofurmation .. Jordan and Middle East calls 10 Overseas calls Cable or telegram

MARKET PRICES

Upperlower price in fils per kg.	Grapes Ізки кімі
Apple [American] 5101/ 4501	Grape leaves
Apple (Double Red) 2011 150	Lerson
Apple Golden 200 / 150	Loquois
Apple (French) 500 / 450	Marrow (large) 180 150
Apple (Starken)	Marrow [Small] 2611 2111
Banana	Mallow 130 / 110)
Banana (Mukammar) 230: 200	Onion (dry) 120 90
Beans 3211/ 28(1	Onion (green)
Beans (broad) 10(1) 7(1	Okra 650 5511
Cabbage 160 : 120	Oranges
Сагто!	Peaches 6501 5501
Cauliflower (white) 1511/ [181	Peas
Cherries	Pears 61111 4181
Coconui 300 · 2511	Pepper (Sweet)
Cucumber (large)	Pepper (Hot Green) 6181/ 5181
Cucumber Ismall	Polatoes
Eggplani (laige) 160 / 130	Radish
Eggplant (small)	Spinach
Fakkous200 / 150	Tomatoes
Gartic 480 / 400	Turnip
Grapetruk	Watermelon

SPORTS

Brazilians turn on fireworks in friendly against Switzerland

BASLE. Switzerland | R1 - Brazil, a goal down at the interval. turned on the fireworks only in the last 15 minutes with an enduring memory of their magic to beat Switzerland 2-1 in a friendly soccer international here Friday

A hotly disputed penalty decision by British referee Grey in the 30th minute, when Alemao in his international debut horught down Manfred Braschler on the edge of the box, was the only hit of life in a first half which contained more damp squihs than the expected fireworks.

The Brazilians protested hearedly hut the decision stood, and despite the pounding beat of the samba drums form knots of Brazilian supporters Egli gave goa-Ikeeper Lead not a ghost of a chanee with a shot into the coof of the

The Brazilians attacked far more after the interval and after several close calls and a lew near misses were rewarded in the 71th minute when Socrates was borught down in the box by substitute In-Albon. He scored the equaliser

Then with three minutes left. Carera scored the winner with an easy header off a Joan Paulo corner from five metres out to give Brazil their fifth victory over Swiizerland without a loss.

The Brazilians npened their tour with a 1-1 draw against Wales in Cardiff last Sunday. They next play Sweden in Gothenburg on Wednesday.

Up to the first penalty goal, neither goalkeeper was really pestered with play mainly confined to midfield. The Brazilians entertained with their usual repertoire of delicate flicks, backheels and tidy touches, but any serious attempt at scoring generally petered out at the Swiss penalty

In the 17th minute Paulo Isidoro could not control a bouncing hall and miss-kicked five metres

Eight minutes later Decastel beat Three Brazilian defenders but could not find Braschler in the

Joan Paulo, who replaced World Cup striker Eder in this match, worked tirelessly without rangible result because of poor fin-

ishing.
Switzerland came perihusly close to going 2-tt ahead when Claudio Sulser drove just wide of the Brazilian post in the 41st minute and hit the post a minute from the interval with the Brazilian delienders hesitant and unsettled.

Brazil made no changes at half time but Swiss keeper Erich Burgner, celebrating his 611th interoational, was replaced by Zurich Grasshopper eaptain Roger

The Brazilians, anxious for a quick equaliser, attacked from the start of the half. Joan Paulo, switching to the right wing, sent a curting cross into the box but Socrates, with all the time in the world, could only drive over the bar from 111 metres.

Nine minutes later a Paulo Isodoro volley skimmed past Berbig's far post as both defences came under intense pressure from swift counterattacks by both sides.

In the 65th minute Paulo Isodoro sealed a mesmerising display of ball control when he sent a high cross into the area, but the unmarked Socrates could only head

A minute later, to thunderous applause. Eder came in lor Carlos Alberto and immediately drilled a free kick from 25 metres just wide

of the post. Not to be outdone the Swiss mounted some promising attacks nf their nwn and Leao had several anxious moments.

But the unrelenting-Brazilian pressure paid off. After another beautifully executed move. Socrates was brought down in the box hy In-Albon, and referee Grey had no hesitation in pointing the penalty spot.

Socrates equalised with an unstoppable drive.

Four minutes later a dazzling run by Pedrinho saw an Eder goal-bound shot saved by Berbig with an acrobatic dive in his left. then in the 83rd minute Ponte almost put Switzerland ahead but his angled drive was smothered by Lean.

Four minutes later Carera. standing five metres from the goal line, notched his third goal of the tour with a simple header from Joan Paulo's corner.

But the match was not finished. Lean denied the Swiss a deserved equaliser when he turned an Egli header round the post with a superb leap in the closing seconds.

Wimbledon gives Navratilova chance of stopping Lloyds 'Grand Slam'

LONDON (R) - Despite losing just lour matches in 18 months. Martina Navratilova begins next week's Wimbledon Tennis Championships without having taken a major title since she won this

event for the third time a year ago. She has compiled an impressive record of 135 wins and just four defeats since the start of 1982, but Navratilova has seen arch-rival Chris Evert Lloyd walk off with the last three major titles. the U.S., Australian and French Opens-and now stands just one title away from the "Grand Slam."

Since her quarter-final defeat to American teenager Kathy Horvath in the French Open--her only defeat in 1983--Navratilova has been fiereely determined not to let another title escape her clutches.

There has been a siecly, confident look about her as she headed for another tournament triumph in Eastbourne this week and after putting down young U.S. pretender Zina Garrison Friday. Navratilova had a warning for her

"I'm playing more of a grass court game this year than last. when I staved back and played safer. I'm also sharper at the net now and I'm in better physical condition," she said,

Despite Lloyd's recent suc-

top player, with grass as her best surface. She will not easily sur-

render her title. The only question mark about her is a slight stomach muscle strain but after beating Garrison she said she felt it would be no problem next week.

Just as titleholder Jimmy Connors and ex-champion John VicEnme are the only two realistic bets for the men's tale, so does speculation about the women's winner not have to go beyond Navratilova and Lloyd.

The two Americans--Lloyd is 28. Navratilova 26-have established such a yawning gap over their rivals as to render the rest of the tournament almost sup-

In addition, many of their nearest rivals are injured. American third and fourth seeds Andrea Jacger and Tracy Austin were both in discomfort as they went down to Wendy Turnbull of Australia this week. Austin having to pull out of her match with a back

injury in the second set. Fifth-seeded Pam Shriver, another American, has a niggly ankle injury while Sylvia Hanika of West Germany, seeded ninth, also

has a worrying back. If there is a challenge to the top

ratilova is still ranked the world's American Billie-Jean King, whose record 20 Wimbledon titles includes six in singles.

Now 39, she seems to be playing even hetter than last year, when she battled to the semifinals before losing in three sets to Lloyd. She won two grass court warmup events here this month and may be playing as well now as when she ast took the singles title in 1975.

Seeded 10th. King faces a probable fourth round against seventh-seeded Turnhull and if she wins that, a quarter-final against Lloyd.

Two of the girls near the bottom of the seedings list could be tougher threats than many of those higher up. Andrea Temesvari of Hungary. 17, won the Italian title on clay this year but it a fine player on any surface and could upset Jacger in a projected fourthround match.

Britain's Jo Durie reached the French semifinals this month and was rewarded be being seeded 13th here, a move which provoked Women's Tennis Association because it is in defiance of the ran-

cost Garrison a position. vear, making it as large men's for the first time.

cesses in the big events. Nav- two, it could come from ageless decision and could get a chance to repeat her French Open victory over Austin in the fourth round

> However she may first have to dispose rif Garrison in the third

round. The big question in the men's event is a shoulder injury to McEnroe, which he aggravated during his loss tri Connries in London last

He has been having treatment this week, but it seems likely he will be below his peak. He should still come through his early matches, but if he gets in the fmal he may find Connors and the injury too much to overcome.

The next two seeds, Ivan Lendl of Czechoslovakia and Gudlermo Vilas of Argentina, may find it hard to justify their seedings on

Both have struggled on the surl'ace in recent years. But Lendl did win the Wimbledon juntor title in 1978 and has the weaponry for the surface, while Vitas once took the viasters title on Australian grass a protest to Wimbledon by the and won two recent Australian Opens, albeit against fields of less than too class.

The women's singles field has Ranked 17th, Durie's seeding been increased from 46 to 128 this year, making it as large as the

World Youth Cup final brings South American showdown

ier, age-old rivalry between Brazil and Argentina is renewed Sunday when the two giants of South American soccer clash in the final of the World Youth Cup.

This 16-team touroament is being used as a dress-rehearsal for the 1986 World Cup and the meeting of Brazil and Argentina could be a forerunner of the final itself.

But, with a crowd of Struit expected and a television andience of millions, it is to be hoped there is no repeat of the ugly seenes which marred the last meeting head-on in a youth tournament in

Passions aroused were such the game had to be abandoned with Brazil leading 3-2 after fist-fights broke out among the players and coaching staffs when Brazil were awarded a late penalty.

But Brazilian coach Jair Pereira did little to ease the tension when he said: "We're here to play foothall and that's what we'll do. But if they're looking for something else then they'll get it."

There is no love lost between Percira and Argentine coach Carlos Pachame but the young players appear more philosophical.

"It's all been forgotten and it won't happen again." said Argentine Star Roberto Zarate. "It was a mistake which won't be rep-

If the pre-match feud is left on makings of a football spectacular for both sides will be eager to restore national pride after their failures in the senior World Cup in

Brazil. the masters of mixing stylish football with devastating finishing, will be looking to the lightning breaks of winger Vauricio Vilella and the ever-present menace of deep-lying attackers lose "Bebeto" Gama and topscorer Geovani Silva.

But South Korea. slightly unlucky to be beaten 2-1 in the semifinals, showed the Brazilians dri not like to be hurried and that will not have been lost on Argentina.

While Argentina have not reached the heights of Brazil, who looked a class above everyone else when they thrashed Cze-choslovakia +1 in an carlier round, they have a rock-steady defence and have conceded just

one gual on route to the final. vluch will depend on how well Larate, already being hailed as the new Diego Maradona, can supply the sidelines, the final has all the burly striker Jorge Gabrich with enough of the ball to add to his

four-goal tally. The meeting of Brazil and Argentina final is one the local fans Mexico were eliminated and they are hoping both teams rise to the

occasion without resorting to the

violence of their last meeting. South Korea, the darlings of the Mexican fans. and Poland meet in the western city of Guadalajara in the third-place playoff.

The South Koreans. if they play to the form they have shown virtually throughout the cup, should be too fast, fit and direct for the less mobile Poles.

Mahaffey, Rassett face strong U.S. Open 3rd round

OAKMONT. Pennsylvania 1R1 - Americans John Mahaffey and Joey Rassett take a precarious one-stroke lead into the third round of the U.S. Open Golf Championship with a formidable array of challengers waiting for them to falter on the Oakmont country club course.

Defending champion Tom Watson and former Masters and PGA winner Ray Floyd stand one shot behind the 141 total of viahaffey and Rassett. Spain's Severiano Ballesteros, winner of this year's masters, is a stroke further back with American Hal Sutton.

But all could change before the third round begins with 3% players still to complete their second rounds after being delayed by rain

Calvin Pecte, in fact, could grab a share of the lead if he birdies the touroament at the 17th when dar- round. He is on an even-par 144

The day's play was interrupted by a 212 hour thunderstorm which flooded bunkers and, for the first time in U.S. Open history, prevented 18 holes being completed during the allotted day.

The rain did not make the hilly 6.472 yard (6.375 metre) course any easier. Although it softened the hard, fast greens, making them easier targets for approach shots. it also made recovery shots from the dense rough even more difficult.

ulah title here five years ago, and tour newcomer Rassett both completed their rounds before the thunderstorm struck and watched their lead hold up throughout the

Scott Simpson is also well plalast hole. He was even par for the ced to challenge in the third

total one ahead of Lanny Wadkins and Gil vlorgan who are the only Americans to have won two events this year. D.A. Weibring is also on 145.

with Curtis Strange and Frank Conner one stroke further back and two former champions, tack Nicklaus and South Africa's Clary Player, on 147. vlost foreign players survived the cut for the final two rounds.

Australians David Graham and Bob Shearer qualified on 149 and 150 respectively, and Bruce Devlin and Greg Norman also look safe though they have yet to complete their rounds.

South African Bobby Cole was eliminated on 157 though but Nick Price, 149, and Wark McNulty 151, look safe along with Japan's Tsunevuki Nakajima. 141. and Britain's Peter Oosterhuis and Hsu Sheng-San of Taiwan on 151.

Duran says he was 'reborn' through victory

ain his championship form. Friday year. told the press: "I was reborn last

life," said Duran, who-celebrated his 32nd birthday on Thursday night by taking the World Boxing Association IWBAI junior middleweight crown from American Davey vloore with an eighthmund knockout. Duran ranked the victory over ler." Duran said.

the 24-year-old vloore as one of was saying I was too old, too fat." the Panamanian said.

"After the Leonard defeat I was comfortably the rest of their really low." Duran said. "I started lives,"

NEW YORK IR) -- Roberto to drink, fool around and go to Duran, who made betievers of nightclubs. People who take care those who doubted he could reg- of me recommended I retire last

"But with the encouragement of Bob Arum (promoter in Thursday night) said Duran, who-celebrated turn it around. He said if I promised to work hard, train hard, he could get me a title shot.

"I wanted to show the world that I could get back to the top." What next for the slugging Panamanian? "I'm waiting for Hag-

.Arum was also excited about his imost. It was exceptional bec- the possibility of Duran lighting ause everybody thought I was fin- Marvin Hagler, the undisputed Even vloore, in the ring, middleweight champion of the

ખરાદીતે. "Hagler versus Duran would be The victory eased memories of a big world event." Arum said. his last title tight when Duran "That is the fight everyone wants tamely surrendered to wel- to see. There would be monterweight king Sugar Ray Leonard umental purses and both lighters would make enough money to live

UEFA disciplines

BERNE [R] — The European Football Union [UEFA] have ordered Malia to play their next home international hehind clused-doors following growd trouble during the European Champirinship tie againsi Spain on

May 18. The Maltese were also fined 500 Swiss francs (\$235) by the disciplinary committee because speciators hurled stones at the Spanish players and coins at the referee, hallboys deliberately delayed the game--which Spain went

on to win 3-2-- and a Maltese official protested improperly to the referee.

The committee also took strong measures against Polish champions Widzew Lodz, who were ordered to play their next two home European ties on another ground after a bottle hurled by a spectator injured a Dutch linesman during the European Cup semifinal against Juventus on April 20.

The Poles, who must play at least 2511 km from Lodz, also had

two players. Andrzej Grebosz and Tadeusz Swiatek, suspended for one game for collecting two cau-

Maurizio lorio fared even worse and will miss newly-crowned Italian Champions Roma's next three European ties after being shown the red card during the UEFA Cup quarter-final against Benfica Lisbon on March 16.

Malta

The Printuguese were also in a trouble. Jose Silva was banned for two European ties while the club was fined 2.1HILI Swiss francs (\$940) because fireworks were set off in the second-leg of the UEFA Cup final against Belgium's Anderlecht on May 18.

Real Sociedad of Spain were fined 3.titut Swiss francs (\$1.408) because a tin can and fireworks were thrown during the European Cup semifinal against eventual champions Hamburg of West England contains Pakistan well in World Cricket Cup

Tight bowling and good fielding from England restricted Pakistan to 232 for eight off their 611 overs in their World Cricket Cup oneday match here Saturday.

The England bowlers took three wickers before lunch on a fine day before a capacity crowd at Old Trafford, including the prize scalp of Zaheer Abba: ...hour

Captain Bob Willis again bowled economically and well, starting with a fiery maiden over to viohsin Khan, but it was Graham Ditley who struck first. Paceman Dilley dismissed

Mudassar Nazar for I S before getting Zaheer caught behind while Paul Allon in his best spell of the World Cup took the other wicket when Vic Marks caught Mohsin brilliantly at square leg for 32. The exciting Javed Miandad settled in quickly with two superb

MANCHESTER England (R) - revised lootwork against the off spin off Marks. At lunch Javed was on 36 with his partner Imran Khan, who sta-

> ned with an imperious cover drive for four, on seven. . Javed was immediately in his stride after lunch, driving the ball on the up, and picking up some

> cheeky singles. But Imran, who looked in tremendous form, could not resist trying to smash the innocuoustooking spin of Marks when he was on 13 but managed only to hit a simple catch to Willis on the

> long-off boundary.
>
> Javed and left-hander Wasim Raja prospered briefly before Raja fell into the same trap as his captain and was caught for 15. again by Willis and again off

Javed by now was in full flight. well supported by Ejaz Fakih. and it took a rare piece of fielding by lan Botham to remove him for 67.

Ejaz played Willis to third man. Javed called for the run but Botham in one savage movement swooped on the ball and threw down the middle stump with Javed just out of his ground.

The loss of Javed was a body blow for Pakistan but Ejaz continued to keep the runs ticking over while Sarfraz Nawaz struck a few mighty blows. including a straight drive off Botham for six.

Sarfraz was eventually bowled for 17 by Willis, who cleverly held one back when he saw the big Pakistani moving forward to meet him on the half volley.

Kapil Dev turns tables with record 175 not out

eaten 175 to lead his team out of a contributed 17. crisis in the one-day Writh Cup match against outsiders Zim-

babwe here Saturday. India collapsed to 17 for five in Kirmani, who scored 24. the first 13 overs against pacemen and were later reduced to 78 for India beat their previous best cup seven, before Kapil Dev's breathtaking rescue lifted the score Indies in their first group game last to 266 for eight in the 6tt overs.

All-rounder Kapil Dev's hundred was the first by an Indian in the competition and heat the orevious cup highest of 171 not out by New Zealand's Glenn Turner against East Africa in the inaugural 1975 touroament.

India's skipper dominated two half century and one century partnership, putting on 611 for the

TUNBRIDGE WELLS. England sixth wicket with Roger Binny. (R) — India's captain Kapil Dev who made 22, and 62 for the eiglashed a record-breaking unb- hih with Sharma Madan Lal, who

Kapil Dev's unfinished ninth wicket partnership of 126 with Syed Rapil Dev batted for 50 overs Peter Rawson and Kevin Curran. and struck six sixes and 14 fours as

total of 262 against holders West

The revival reached a peak in

Kapil Dev turned the tables after a disastrous start in which Rawson, with a three for seven burst in 32 balls, and Curran, who snapped up two wickets, cut down the cream of India's batting.

The Indian captain's stand rif 611 in 14 overs with Binny launched. the recovery which was checked as off spinner John Traicos had Binny Ibw. Zimbabwe. 11101-1 shots.

Fletcher's wily medium pace accounted for Ravi Shastri for rine immediately afterwards. But Kapil Dev pulled India out of trouble again when he put on 62

struck again when skipper Duncan

in 16 overs with Madan Lal. who provided wicketkeeper Dave Houghton with his fourth catch to make India 1-10 for eight. Kirmani played an ideal supporting role to the mounting asc-

endancy of Kanil Dev. who ham-

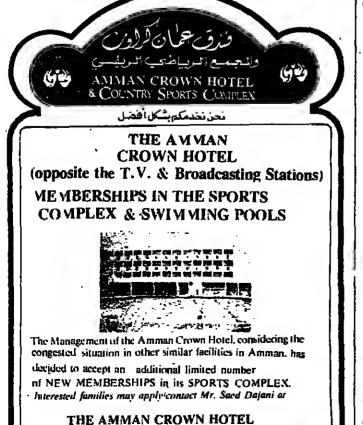
was the most economical by con-

mered 18 off one over from Carran. The IIKI stand was completed in 14 overs. Gomes held a return catch when Curran took three for 65 and Rawson finished with three for 47. but medium pacer Ian Butchart -

ceding only 38 runs in his 12 overs. by sharing a sixth wicket par-Zimbabwe made a deceptively encouraging start as Robin Brown. and Grant Paterson shared a first

wicket partnership of 44 in .12 overs before three wickets turnbled for 17.

out for three with four added.



TELEPHONES - 78181/78182/78183/78468

Amman - Inching P.O. Nov. 1218, 124, 272288, 24228 Telev. 22221 Green, 21539 Apr.

Porsches take lead at Le Mans race

twin-turbo Porsches quickly snatched the top positions in the early stages of the Le Mans 24-hour motor race Saturday.

In sunny hut windy conditions the Porsches showed their mettle while the Lancias and other challengers suffered from a succession of mechanical problems.

After three hours Americans Al Holbert and Hurley Haywood with Australian Vero Schuppan were in front, just ahead of West Germans Jochen Mass and Stefan Bellof.

Both sets of drivers were in factory-entered Porsches. Sixtimes winner Jacky lekx of Belgium and Briton Derek Bell, in the Porsche team's third ear, worked

LE MANS. France (R) - The their way up to fourth place after an accident in the first lap.

cover drives off the medium fast

Allott and some brilliant imp-

As lekx braked after the long viulsanne straight, he was in a collision with Dutch driver Jan Lammers in another Porsche behind. After pit-stops both cars were back on the track and going well.

The Lancias had trouble from the start. Too Italian drivers Teo Fabi and Michele Alborcto had to abandon with their Lancia when the gearbox locked as they were in third place. Another Lancia had fuel ini-

ection problems, but the third works car was running well. Of the 51 starters, four have abandoned and others are likely to go the same way, hit by engine problems or burst tyres.

by half centuries from injured skioper Kim Hughes, David Hookes and Graham Vallop, set holders He broke through with the first West Indies a testing task in the one-day World Cup match at

Lurd's here Saturday. after apparently pulling a muscle. was top scorer with 69 as Australia scored 273 for six from their 60 overs in the Group 'B' game.

Hookes hit a belligerent 56 and Yallop made an unbeaten 52 as the Australians recovered from a shaky start in which fast bowler Vlalerim vlarshall fired out openers Graeme Wood and Trevor

Australia's fight-back from 37 for two was scaled when Rodney Marsh hammered 37 from 26 deliveries as 77 were scored in the final 10 overs.

Vlarshall plunged Australia into

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LONDON [RI - Australia, lifted

Hughes, batting with a runner Marshall spreadeagled his stumps

Chappell cheaply.

trouble during an impressive ope-

ning burst in which he worked up a Greenidge held a difficult running considerable pace on a firm dry

Injured Hughes leads Australian

hall of his second over by having Chappell caught behind by Jeff Dujon for five with the total 1tt, Wood, concussed by a lifting delivery from Michael Holding in the defeat by West Indies at Leeds last Sunday, looked solid until

with a superb ball when he had made 17. Hughes, hurt after taking a quick single, was in obvious discomfort and settled for a supporting role while Hookes went for his shots after surviving a dif-

ficult chance on 12 to Dujon off Holding. Hughes and Hookes put on [1]] for the third wicket, with the first 50 coming in 15 overs, before Hookes skied Winston Davis towards third man where Gordon

fight-back against Vest Indies catch.

> Hookes' runs--his first cup half century-came off 72 balls, while Hughes' defiant innings in which he faced 124 deliveries ended when he swung across rine from off spinner Larry Comes and was bowled.

Allan Border mishil a full toss after making. II. and Australia were 2112 for five in the 51st over. Yallop and Marsh completed Australia's revival with a flourish

mership of 64 in nine overs. Marsh lashed two aixes and four fours, while Yallop reached his second half century of the toumament in the final over and batted altogether for 76 balls.

.The stand was broken in the 60th over when Marsh skied Holding and was caught by Desmond

Medium pacer Binny broke through by having Paterson flow for 23, and Jack Heron was run

Moves under way for top-level talks on IMF resources

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PARIS (R) - Moves are under way to bring top treasury officials from leading industrial countries together next month to discuss ways boosting the resources of the International Monetary Fund (IMF) before the end of the year, monetary sources said Friday.

They said the treasury officials iovolved were all expected to be in Paris on July 7 and 8 for a meeting of an Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) working party.

While there was apparent disagreement about the form of the meeting it was recognised that IMF funds would have to be boosted before an agreement allowing member countries to borrow more came into effect, the sources said.

The IMF lends money to member nations, like Mexico and Brazil. which have run into economic problems and normally attaches tough conditions to the loans.

According to the sources, a likely forum for the meeting is the "Group of Ten" iodustrial nations, which traditionally meets informally twice a year ahead of key IMF meetings.

Another possibility cited by some sources would be a more restricted meeting involving just the big five —the United States, Japan. Germany, Fraoce and Britaio.

The Group of 10 played a crucial role earlier to the year in the discussions oo increasing IMF resources by agreeing to almost double their cootributions to the fund. But these already-agreed measures require the legislative app-

roval of the oations involved. The sources said even if this occurred before the end of the year the LMF would still need extra funds to

At a private meeting in Paris Friday of the Atlantic Institute for international Affairs, Bank of Italy Director-General Lamberto Dini said international liquidity would assume increasing importance and attention must be given to the problem.

In his speech, the text of which was obtained by Reuters, Mr. Dini said eveots over the past decade had cast serious doubts on the ability of market mechanisms to regulate the creation of international liguidity satisfactorily.

U.S. millionaire ups stake in Sotheby's

LONDON (R) - An American millionaire battling to outbid rivals for Sotheby's has increased his stake in the auction house to nearly I It per ceot, his fioancial advisers said Friday.

Mr. Alfred Taubmao, reputedly ooe of the richest men in the United States, bought 152.000 shares in the high-class British auctioneers Thursday, said a apokesman for Lazard Brothers.

Mr. Taubman, a Michigan property developer and art collector, already held more than five per ceot of the shares in the 239-year-old auction house which has sold everything from stately homes to Mar-

ilyn Monroe's bra. Takeover bids from Mr. Taubman and two Americao rivals are being investigated by the monopolies commission at the request of the British government to decide if they are in the public interest.

Stepheo Swid and Marshall Cogan, joint owners of a business empire making carpet felt and furniture, increased their offer from £61 million (\$96 million) to £72 million (\$113 million) when Taubman pledged to match it.

Miners settle wage claim JOHANNESBURG (R) - Unionised black gold mineworkers Fri-

day settled for an effective nine per cent wage increase in the first negotiated pay settlement between employers and black unions in

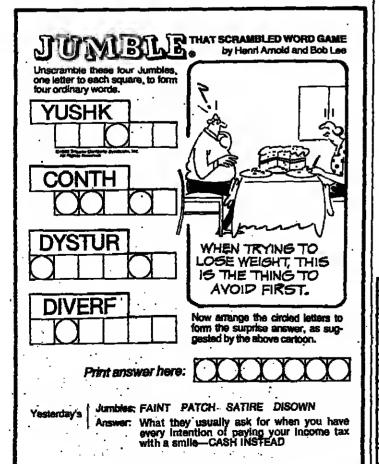
A statement issued by the Chamber of Mines, the employers' organisation, did not give a specific figure for the settlement with the black National Union of Mineworkers (NUM) but said the agreement was in lioe with wage increases for white miners this year.

ica's 465,000 black miners, had demanded a 30 per cent pay rise. White miners received an eight per cent pay rise this year plus one per ceot in the form of employers' contributions to their pension

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What do you mean, you smell my secretary's perfume? My secretary is a computer."



Greek shipowners, government are locked in dispute over crews

ATHENS (R) - Greece's ruling nding demands - smaller crews. disappear. socialists and the shipowners who control the world's largest merchant fleet are locked in a dispute over proposals to rotate crews.

The row comes less than six months after the owners gave qualified approval to a package of government measures primarily aimed at helping the merchant shipping fleet, which has been hit hard by the international rec-

But the powerful shipowners have baulked at one proposal under which no seaman will be able to spend more than nine months at sea at a time.

The government, backed on this issue by the major seamen's union, says the measure would help to share our available emp-loyment at a time when 13,000 seameo, more than a teoth of the total workforce, are out of work.

Shipowners, calling crew rotation a disaster, say it would force them to lay off tried and trusted employees and hire people who may well prove incompetent, lacking in technical qualifications and hazardous to the safety of

Seamen get eight days' leave for every month at sea, meaning fresh sailors would be needed to keep a ship operating while crew members took 11) weeks' leave after nine months of service. About 750 Greck vessels, in

tonnage terms nearly one-third of the fleet, are at present laid up. lo January. Merchant Marine Minister George Katsifaras won praise from shipowners when he agreed to two of their longest staand the right to pay foreign sea-men, mostly from Southeast Asia. the rates they would get in their own countries instead of Greek

Owners had complained that high wage costs were the main thing which prevented Greece from competing successfully on the world's depressed freight

But now, the Union of Greek Shipowners (UGS) says it is so dismayed at the prospect of having to change crews every nine months that it would be prepared to sacrifice both concessions if the government would back down on

The government proposals on crew sizes. foreigners' wages and rotation are all contained in a bill currently before parliament. where the socialists have a comfortable majority.
In an article-by-article dis-

cussion of the bill, deputies have already approved the section on foreigners' wages. They are due to discuss the other articles, and vote on the bill as a whole, later this

Government officials say there are no plans to amend the rotation measures between then and now. Owners have said privately that the number of companies moving their ships from the Greck flag to flags of convenience such as those of Liberia and Panama could soar if the government proposals go

If that happens, some of the precious \$1.7 billion a year that Greece earns from shipping would

The UGS, sensitive to accusations that it is blockmailing the povernment, has stopped short of direct references to flag changes in its official statements.

But a senior UGS source said that if the new measures did prompt an exodus from the flag, it would be the government's fault.
"We could take no responsibility." he said.

Government officials and scamen alike dismiss the threat of flag changes as a bluff.

"They have neither the incentive nor the practical possibility of changing flag." said a senior merchant marine ministry official.

A spokesman for the main seamen's union, the PNO, said ships whose flags were changed could face a boycott by the International Transport Federation, which groups seven million transport workers throughout the Western

"They enjoy a favourable regime under the Greek flag, and if they left, they would lose out on European community trade," said Mr. Thanasis Stamatopoulos, president of the militant marine engineers' union, the communist-led

Mr. Katsifaras has made public correspondence with the UGS which he says proves that it accepted the principle of crew rotation last December.

But UGS President Aristomenes Karageorgis says that what he agreed to was a system of voluntary rotation to be worked out in consultation with the PNO not the compulsory scheme which is now before parliament.

Much of the argument focuses on how serious unemployment among Greek scamen really is. The UGS says the official figure of 13.000 is wildly exaggerated as it includes people who are either not looking for work or not qualified. In one week last month, acc-

ording to official figures, more than 130 registered seamen were notified of available shipping jobs and only two agreed to board ship. Union officials agree there is a

reluctance to accept work, but they say it is because wages are pegged to an agreement that expired nine months ago.

Some 5.100 Greek seamen staged a 48-hour strike last week on ferries serving Grecce's islands in protest over the lack of progress in pay talks which have dragged on throughout this year.

Upward pressure likely on OPEC

NEW YORK (OPECNA) - Mr. Alberto Quiros, president of the Venezuelan state oil company subsidiary Maraven, has reinforced comments by a British Petroleum official last week that OPEC's 17.5 million b'd production ceiling is likely to experience upward pressure this winter,

Mr. Quiros told a conference on the outlook for oil demand here that Venezuela. Iraq and Nigeria were likely to press for larger output quotas as world demand increased.

Economist says his profession is in dark ages

Thurow says his fellow economists are like scientists of old who developed theories based on a belief that the world was flat and the suo revolved around it.

"Economic theory is based on outdated ideas of human behaviour." he told Reuters in an interview. "but instead of letting events change theory, ecocomists try to change the real world to fit their theories." Mr. Thurow, a professor of eco-

nomics at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, a bestselling author and a coosultant to many American and Japanese corporations, is perhaps the most promient of a younger generation economists now emerging from the economic havoc of the 1970s. "When you believe in gravity and then see water running uphill

you're in a lot of trouble," he said. For the last 20 or 30 years economists have been watching the ecocomic equivalent of water running uphill, but they still hold on to their theories." Mr. Thurow has put his novel

ideas on the state of economics into a book, "Dangerous Cur-

reous", and is oow woodering whe-

SO HERE I AM, RIDING

ON THE BACK OF

Mutt 'n' Jeff

MOM'S TEN-SPEED.

Peanuts

NEW YORK (R) - Mr. Lester ther he will be thrown out of professional organisations,

He charges that economists have got it wrong by believing the 19th-ceptury idea that people always act to maximise their own economic benefit.

Sociologists, anthropologists and other social scientists have all developed more complex ideas of humao behaviour, but economists have stuck to their theory because lends itself readily to mathematical analysis, he adds.

"I am convinced that accepting the conventional supply-demand model of the economy is rather like believing that the world is flat or that the sun revolves around the earth -- You can make a rigorous case, on paper, for both propositions, but hard evidence is more than a bit scarce." Mr. Thurow writes.

"Moreover, if you choose to act on either belief, you can get into a lot of trouble." In the supply-demand view,

also known as the equilibrium price-auction model, markets are competitive and chaoges in price determine the amount of goods bought and sold. Declining prices increase demand, so more is sold.

PEOPLE WONDER WHY

WEAR A SK! CAP WHEN

MERGE

NO

IT'S SO WARM OUTSIDE

while rising prices have the opposite effect. To make it worse, Mr. Thurow

says that as economists got it more and more wrong during the past two decades, their influence increased at the same time. From only a handful of cco-

nomists in government in the early 960s, he comments that five of Mr. Jimmy Carter's original 16 cabinet members in 1977 held economics doctorates.

But he said their conventional theories, based on the ideas of Britain's great ecocomist Lord Keynes, could not cope with the problems raised by the Vietnam war. the rise of the oil price and Western recessioo.

ne various economic sci ools of macroeconomists. microeconomists, monetarists and supply-siders vie with one another over what to do about the economic situation, all basing their ideas oo errooeous theories, he

The result is stagnation. "At least when everyooe was a Keynesian there was consensus." he says. "That consensus has disappeared and now we are in a per-

LOOK OUT FOR THE

TRUCK! LOOK OUT

FOR THE CAR!

iod of doing nothing, and that is exactly what we are doing," he

Mr. Thurow acknowledges that there is a tendeocy in recessionary times to exaggerate the long-term effects of the economic slowdown, but he believes the current economic course of the United States could lead to serious pro-"If you have a generation of

work experience, you are going to have problems in the future. As the policy makers move towards more extreme views and the huge budget deficits build, you are going to have bad effects down the Mr. Thurow believes that eco-

people deprived of education and

nomists must change their way of viewing the world and base their theories on how the world is, not oo how ecocomics textbooks tell us it ought to be.

He writes: "The transition from one mode of thought to another is difficult, since it involves abandoning a beautiful sailing ship -the equilibrium price-auction model -- that happens to be torn epart and sinking in a riptide."

I NEED IT FOR

GOING THROUGH TRAFFIC

FORECAST FOR SUNDAY, JUNE 19, 1983

GENERAL TENDENCIES: You can make your long-

planned determination to have certain people in your life.

Eliminate confusion that exists. Come to a real meeting of

ARIES (Mar. 2) to Apr. 19) Get together with those

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 201 Show appreciation to

GEMINI |May 21 to June 21] Plan more recreational ac-

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Iovolve fami-

LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21] Convince allies to cooperate

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Think about what others

can do to help you attain more money and property in the-

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) You feel adventurous today

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Your hunches are good

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Friends need you

today, so help them without diaturbing your own security.

CAPRICORN [Dec. 22 to Jan. 20] This is a fine day for

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19] Gad about with friends

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 201 Your loved one is most

IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY . . . he or she will

never get into any venture until it is thoroughly analyzed

first. Teach early to come to quicker decisions, otherwise

less intelligent persons will win over your progeny. Stress

"The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make

the education in order to develop aelf-confidence.

at mutual hobbies. Use your ingenuity to make the best of

charming with you now. Show more thought and generosi-

exercising and improving your general health. Give more

and help you in dealing with your loved one. Businesa af-

and can act in a dynamic way to get much accomplished.

with you on that idea of magnitude. Diacuss big plans at

ly members in recreational activities. Plan how to make

tivities in your life that will give you relief from worry.

those who have assisted you in the past. Study your

you want as friends and listen to their ideas. Go to a social

gathering this evening. You make a good impression.

TYOUR DAILY

the minds with associates in business.

career objectives to obtain greater results.

Take your loved one out to meet oew people.

your home a haven of charm and rest.

future. Do e little work around the house.

fairs are helped through clear thinking.

Take care you do not drive too fast.

your talents. Exercise care in expenses.

ty. Don't make any decisions today.

of your life is largely up to you!

leisure. Retire early tonight.

Avoid a jealous individual.

thought to your loved one.

THE Daily Crossword by Avery P. Bromfield ACROSS 25 Scenic 54 Japanese 19 Sprites 1 Cina 5 Observe quality 33 Monsters sect 57 "Wish you 24 Relative 10 Formerly were hera" 25 Postulata owned 35 Way: abbr. "-- Kick 14 Melody

60 Bet 36 Appear 37 Soft cap 61 Worship 62 Inter for short 63 Bonn "no" 64 Clauda tha paintar 65 Pungant suff.

— Few Dollars More' 42 Concisa 43 Movies 47 Chill 21 Egg-shaped 22 Urla and

(usually)

16 "-- creatur

17 Movie with

Timothy

20 Collection

of anec-

49 Row of cut grain 52 Keep going Yesterday's Puzzle Solved:

fictional lawyer 9 "Take 10 Invisible 11 London 12 British school

DOWN

1 FDR dog

4 Border of

2 Former

Cupboard 49 Traverse 7 Ephraim Arthur 50 Port or sharry Play ope 52 Start over 53 Atop 54 Former middleweight

She'a Mine' 55 Great Lake 13 Blackbirds

56 Bismarck's stata: abbr. 59 Whita Hous nickname

Out Of You'

Angler's

basket

29 What: Sp.

31 Abundance

37 Before dry

38 Work unit

44 Young cat

45 Shut the eyes in

39 Pal

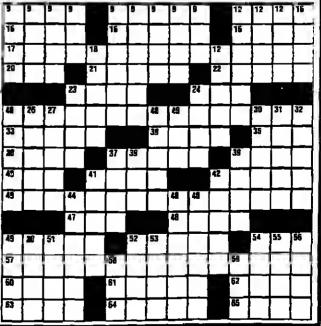
41 Scarf

42 Trick

or head

28 Belt

30 Lapsa



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RESUME DOING AS YOU











WORLD

U.S. sends its first spacewoman into orbit

Challenger blasts off on schedule

KENNEDY SPACE CENTRE holder on any attraction, including (R) — An American woman made her space debut Saturday as the most popular. space shuttle Challenger blasted off carrying an unprecedented

five-member crew into orbit. Twenty years and two days after Soviet cosmonaut Valentina Tereshkova became the first woman to fly in space. Sally Ride became the third member of her sex to orbit the Earth. The second was also from the Soviet Union.

VIs. Ride. 32. a physicist. also became the youngest American space traveller when Challenger took off at 7:33 a.m. (1133 GMT) after a virtually trouble-free cou-

"That was definitely an 'E-ticket'." Ms. Ride told ground controllers after Challenger reached orbit. She was referring to the most expensive admission ticket to Florida's Disneyworld Amusement Park, which allows a

"Space Mountain," one of the

The mission also marked the first time that five people have been launched aboard the same spacecraft.

Robert Crippen. 45. a former navy pilot who made the first shuttle flight in 1981, is mission commander for this voyage, the second for Challenger and the seventh of the shuttle programme. He is the first person to fly a shuttle

Also making their first space flight are Pilot Frederick Hauck. 42. and mission specialists John Fabian. 44, and Norman Thagard.

Mr. Crippen reported that the spacecraft was working well as it completed its first of 45 orbits, and ground controllers gave him a go" to continue the mission. Mr. Crippen reported that he

had encountered some difficulty when he issued computer commands for sun shades to be unf-Challenger's cargo hold.

After a second try the protective screens worked properly. They were to shield the delicate instrument packages until they could be deployed in orbit-one later Saturday and the other Sun-

Later. Mr. Crippen reported: "We're just straightening out the cabin up here. There's not much exciting going on here."

"I'm not so sure I'd go along with that." Ms. Ride interjected. "We agree with you. Sally." mission control replied. "We think it's pretty exciting."

The crew undertakes the first major assignment of the flight later Saturday when they deploy the Canadian Anik com-

The satellite, which will supplement one launched earlier, can be used to absorb growth in urled over the two satellites in East-West telecommunications in southern Canada and carry new broadcast services. It also earries five television channels for pay satellite service in the United Sta-

> The Anik is to be ejected into low Earth orbit and boosted by rockets into a stable oribit 22.300 miles over the equator.

The Indonesian Palapa communications satellite is to be ejected under the same conditions early Sunday.

Mr. Fabian and Ma. Ride are responsible for the ejection of the two communications satellites and the use of the shuttle's 15-metre robot arm to pluck an experimental satellite out of the cargo bay and retrieve in from flight more than nine hours later.

ike Friday which the CTC said paralysed production in three div-

Augusto Pinochet has promised Chile tough measures and some conciliatory moves in response to violent protests against his milortant industry. itary government and an illegal

Pinochet tones down rhetoric

strike by copper workers. Gen. Pinochet said in a relatively moderate television speech Friday night that domestic and foreign elements were trying to take advantage of Chile's eco-Monday. nomie plight.

He said Interior Minister Gen. Enrique Montero would give details at a news conference later Saturday of measures to enforce the Codelco sacked 900 strikers. ban on political activity, keep labour unions free of political act-Mines at Andina and El Tenivists and ensure peace and order

in society and the universities. Labour unions including the Confederation of Copper Workers (CTC) led by Rodolfo Seguel called for protests against the government on Tuesday that ended in riots in the capital in which three

people were shot dead. Mr. Seguel was arrested the isioos of the country's most imp-

But correspondents reported from Chile's biggest mine at Chuquicamata, 1,600 kilometres north of Santiago, that workers there had not agreed on strike action and would meet again on

The El Salvador division went on strike on Thursday, making the sloppage indefinite when the state-owned copper corporation

iente were hit by 24-hour strikes Friday. Codelco said about a third of the workers did not report for duty and would be sacked.

Gen. Pinochet, who said earlier this week he intended to stop protests once and for all, said on television that policy on exiles would be revised to allow more to return

The government has said there are only about 10,000 exiles but human rights groups say many more stayed out of the country after the 1973 military coup. have been expelled or told they will not be allowed to come back.

NEWS

BRIEF

WASHINGTON (R) - The Cen-

tral Intelligence Agency (CIA)

and U.S. military forces are to be

used in a beefed up battle against

drug smuggling. Vice President George Bush said. In a speech Friday to the National Press Club.

Mr. Bush said the administration

has set up five new centres mod-

elled on a successful South Florida

drug task force established in

Miami last year to coordinate act-

ivities of various federal and local

law enforcement agencies. Mr.

Bush said the CIA would adhere

to strict guidelines barring it from

domestic intelligence activities but

that it would continue to work

abroad to provide information on

PARIS (R) — France is creating a

rapid deployment force which

could aid its allies in Europe but

will remain outside NATO's mil-

itary structure. Defence Minister

Charles Hernu was quoted as say-

ing. In an interview with the inf-

luential daily Le Monde Friday,

Mr. Herou said the rapid dep-

loyment force, including anti-tank

forces equipped with missile-earrying helicopters, could be

used where the French gov-ernment decided, but in certain

cases with Allied forces. "They

could deployed where they were

needed, and, f emphasise, where

the government decided. But it

would be presumed that we would

discuss these eventualities with

our allies." he was quoted as say-

COLONBO (R) - The Sri Lan-

kan government Saturday ext-

ended for a further month a nat-

ionivide state of emergency, unp-

osed to deal with violence after

parliamentary and local elections

on May 18. Since then, police and

rgency powers to deal with gue-

rtilla activities in the northern dis-

trict of Jaffna and sporadic ethnic

violence in other parts of the cou-

3 Pakistanis

Sri Lanka extends

state of emergency

orug traffickers.

France develops quick-strike force

IN

U.S. to use CIA

to fight narcotics

The president said all would be allowed to return, except those he called activists, terrorists and active participants in the campaign against Chile.

'He did not say how the new system would differ from the present one under which 446 exiles have been allowed to return since December -- none of them prominent Gen. Pinochet also said leg-

islative work of the four armed forces commanders who form the military junta would become more open with greater popular participation. He gave no details of what this would mean.

He ruled out any departure from a timetable for elections in

Relieved Ride rides into outer space at last

KENNEDY SPACE CENTRE. Florida (R) - For Sally Ride the only problem with being America's first woman in space is the media attention she has had to

Ms. Ride, who at 32 is also the youngest U.S. astronaut ever to fly in orbit, is one of the five astrenauts who began a six-day voyage aboard, of the space shuttle Challenger Saturday.

A member of the astronaut corps since 1978 and a former amateur tennis champion. Ms. Ride has learned to live with the public attention she has received since she was named as the first woman member of a U.S. space

"I'm so excited to get a chance to fly (in space) that I can ignore all you people." she told a press conference last month before going into virtual isolation to prepare for her big day. "I didn't come into this pro-

gramme to be the first woman in space." she said. "I came in to get a chance to fly as soon as I could and I'm planning to stay as long as they'll let me. The Soviet Union sent the

world's first woman into orbit in 1963 and she was followed by another last year. vis. Ride, who has a doctorate

in physics, is 1.65 metres tall and weighs 52 kilogrammes, gets high marks from her erewmates. "Sally has been anything but an

inconvenience on this crew," mission commander Robert Crippen told reporters. "She really has helped out."

vis. Ride, one of three mission specialists on the seventh space shuttle flight, will use Challenger's cargo-handling arm to recover a frec-flying instrument package



will be watching when she takes

"I intend to do as good a job!

wer some overtly "sexist" que- for her mis stions. "I think that maybe it's too had that our society isn't further along and that this is such a big deal," she said.

"It's time we get away from that - and it's time that people realise that women in this country can do any job they want to do.

The forgotten woman

When the Challenger lifts off Saturday, a woman who could have been in Sally's shoes will be

taking medicine, food and rel-

Jerrie Cobb. now a missionary woman selected to undergo astronaut training in 1961 and her can while I'm up there." she told a name was then a household word.

Vis. Ride pointedly refused to insted for the Nobel Peace Prize dly anyone noticed.

In an interview last year Ms. Cobb said: "Someday they'll send a woman into space, but it will she''ll only be a token." After scoring well on astronaut

tesis in 1960, she and 11 other women were told that the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) was not going to use women in the space programme, she said.

Even today the agency has no plans for American women astronauts to pilot a shuttle, rather than just act as mission specialist

"Currently we have no women in the pilot category of astronaut trainee, so it won't be in the immediate future." said Rocky Raab. a public affairs officer here.

"f expect that will change as more and more women gain experience as military pilots."

Back in 1961, after learning that there were no plans for women in the space programme at the time, a disappointed Jerrie Cobb became a consultant for NASA and two years later she left to become a test pilot for Rockwell International

While on long-distance test flights to South America, she saw at first hand the plight and poverty of the Amazon Indians and in 1964 becaine a missionary unaffiliated to any church.

Edwards of Oklahoma nominated her for a Nobel Peace Prize, saying she had brought help and hope to primitive and isolated Indians thr-

Magana claims war against leftist rebels defence of Western democracy

WASHINGTON (R) — El Sal- in elections due to start at the end vador's President Alvaro Magana. portraying his government's war against left-wing guerrillas as a defence of Westero democracy. has ruled out negotiations to give

them a share of power.
In Congress and at the White House, he ealled Friday for U.S. support in his battle against what he said was a common threat. His refusal to negotiate power-

sharing was in line with the Reagan administration's position that the guerrillas must not be allowed to gain power through "the barrel

Instead, Mr. Magans and President Reagan support talks with uctantly going along with Mr. the guerrillas on their taking part Reagan's requests for military aid

of the year.

Negotiating away part of the political power conferred by the electors of El Salvador would be a betrayal of the electorate. Mr. Magana said as President Reagan stood by his side at the White House after the two men had two hours of talks.

Mr. Reagan said that "the true path of peace" lay in artempts by the Salvadorean peace commission to bring the guerrilla leaders into talks on election participstion.

Mr. Magana aimed his remarks at the U.S. Congress, which is relfor El Salvador but where efforts are being made to tie it to unconditional negotiations between the warring parties.

In a Washington news conference on Wednesday, guerrilla spokesman Ruben Zamora, representing the joint command of the Farabundo Marti Liberation Front and the Democratic Revolutionary Front (FLMN/FDR). called for negotiations that would include the United States.

The State Department, reacting Friday, said an agenda that Mr. Zamora proposed for the talks "would seem to be a demand for power-sharing," which was uns-

Ex-Argentine navy commander in jail

BUENOS AIRES (R) - Former Argentine Navy commander Emilio Massera was held in a court jail Friday on charges of covering up the presumed murder of a businessman in 1977.

Adm. Massera, a former member of the three-man ruling junta. was held after testifying in an investigation into the o of Fernando Branca, an occasional business associate of his. court sources said.

Federal Judge Oscar Salvi issued an arrest warrant against the retired admiral on Monday while Adm. Massera was in Brazil. He flew back to Buenos Aires in a navy plane Thursday, spent the night at navy headquarters and

Adm. Massera, a member of the junta which toppled former President Maria Estela Matinez de Peron in 1976, is one of the most senior Argentine officers to be arrested in recent times and his case has become the main public issue in the country.

efully kept from the press.

catch the Peronists' eye as a possible candidate for their party. Argentina's largest, in elections next October.

Witnesses in the Branca case testified that the businessman was on his way to a sailing outing with Adm. Massera on the day he disappeared. The two men had drawn up

plans to open a bank in partnership, and after he vanished the court was told.

> Judge Salvi has received death threats since he ordered Adm. Massera's arrest, informed court sources said. He took the Branea ease over when former federal judge Pedro Narvaiz fled into exile in Brazil earlier this year after receiving threats.

arrested in Manila

MANILA (R) — Narcotics agents have seized 3.7 kilos of pure heroin worth 13 million pesos (\$1.3 million) and arrested three Pakistanis in raids on two hotels in central Manila, military sources said Saturday. They said the drug haul was the biggest ever in the Philippines and six other people were being held for questioning after Friday's raids. The sources said the three Pakistanis were believed to members of a wellorganised drug smuggling syndicate operating in the Indian sub-continent, the United States and Europe.

Zimbabwe plans to

game rangers plan to kill tho-usands of elephants over the next three years in an effort to control their soaring numbers and protect the environment, national parks and wildlife officials said Friday at . a news conference. More than 2,000 elephants had been killed this year by specialist marksmen. and 4,000 more from a total population of just under 50,000 elephants will be shot in coming weeks, they said. In what will be by far the biggest elephant culling ever undertaken in Zimbabwe, ur to 12,000 elephants will be killed over the next three years in Hwange National Park alone, the country's biggest elephant preserve.

Revolutionary washing machine developed

lege lecturer in the Ukrainam town of Drogobych has invented a washing machine which gets clothes clean without hot water and washing powder, the newspaper Trud said Saturday. The machine uses a vacuum pump to draw air out of a closed chamber. The reduced pressure makes cold water in the chamber boil and this removes: the dirt, the report said. Trud did not say if the idea would be put into production.

GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES GOREN

€ 1983 Tribune Company Syndicate, Inc.

Q. - I understand most of the terma ynu nee in ynur column, but now and then noc crops np that stumps me. Recently, I came across the term "limit bid." Wnuld you mind explaining it, and perhaps give one or twn examplea. - R. Stone, Nashville, Tenn.

(This question has been awarded the weekly prize. A.-It is a pleasure to receive a letter from such a famous city - the home of the new World Women's Pairs champion, Carol Sandera. Allow me to take advantage of this question to offer her my congratulations.

Basically, there are two types of bids in bridgelimited, i.e. those whose strength can be described within narrow confinea; and unlimited, or those that have a wide spread in terms of strength and distribution. The obvious limit bids are

all no trump bids, whether opening or responses. For instance, an opening bid of one nn trump shows a balanced hand of 16-18 points; a jump response of two no trump describes a balanced hand of 13-15 points. A response of one no trump to an npening bid of one of a suit describes a hand of 6-10 points, but the hand is not necessarily balanced.

By contrast, an opening bid of one of a suit is virtually unlimited. The point count in some instances can be as low as 10-11, or as bigb aa 23-24 in others, and the distribution can be almost any. The same applies to an opening demand bid-although there is more or less a minimum, the top range can be anything.

There are several other

limit bids I can think of. Most preempts are limit bids. All raisea of opener's suit by responder, or of responder's suit by opener, for that matter, are limit bids. However, new suit response ia unlimited. It ahows a minimum of 6 points, which ia the bottom for a one-over-one responae, but it can range upward to a maximum of about

Limit bids apply at all levels of the auction, and once a player makes a limited bid, all of his subsequent actions must be taken within the context of those limits. Thus, for example, if you open one of a suit and rebid one no trump, you have limited your hand to 15 HCP. no matter bow much jumping you might do later in the auc-

Q. — We have a player in nur game who insists on cutting the pack into three or four parta whenever it is his turn to cut before the deal, la this permitted? - R. Harria. Atlanta, Ga.

A.-No, the Laws of Contract Bridge are explicit on this point. The daaler presents the pack to the player whose turn it is to cut, and he completes the cut by lifting off a portion of the cards. Each portion must contain at least four cards for the cut to be legal.

Veteran opponent of Vlao becomes China's president PEKING (R) - Veteran eco- ived last year under a new connomic planner Li Xiannian, widstitution repudiating Maoism and

of the late Mao Tsetung'a policies, was ehosen Saturday as China'a first president since the 1960s. Zeng Tao. spokesman for the National People's Congress. (NPC) announced that Mr. Li had been elected to the essentially cer-

emonial post by the parliamentary He said Mr. Ulaphu, a Mongolian member of the Communist Party politburo, had been voted vice-president.

China's last head of state. Liu Shaoqi died in fail in 1969, the most prominent victim of the eultural revolution under Mao.

The post of president was formally abolished in 1975 but rev- in the leadership.

ely respected for challenging some affirming the moderate policies of China's current strongman. Deng Xiaoping. Mr. Li was the only candidate for the presidency at Saturday's

session. Because of poor bealth he is not expected to serve long in his new

office, which has a five-year term. The appointment of Mr. Ulanhu as vice-president makes him the most influential member of China's many ethnic minorities.

The diplomats suggested that Mr. Li was regarded as acceptable for the presidency by both the more aggressive reformists and relatively conservative elements

China's man in Hong Kong promises to be 'very liberal'

PEKING (R) — China's new ehief representative in Hong Kong has pledged "very liberal" policies after Peking regains sovereignty over the British colony.

The New China News Agency

(NCNA) quoted Xu Jiatun as saying Peking's policies "will respect both history andeality." "Our specific policies will be very liberal," he told the National People's Congress (NPC) or par-

liament." People there can be sure of that." But Mr. Xu did not give details of what policies Peking was planning for Hong Kong after the lease on the new territories expircs in 1997. Peking has also said it plans to regain sovereignty over Hong Kong Island and Kowloon which were coded to Britain in

perpetuity 19th century treaties. Chinese officials have frequently stated that the social and conomic system of the aggressively capitalist colony will remain intact after Peking regains

Many Hong Kong residents are

sceptical about these vague pro-

mises and fear that Peking plans to

impose communism there with

only cosmetic modifications.

Mr. Xu was last month named China's chief representative in Hong Kong, where he will have the formal position of first director of the New China News Agency

The agency is Peking's unofficial embassy in Hong Kong, and Mr. Xu is expected to play an imporiant role in determining the colony's future.

Hong Kong assesses damage

HONG KONG (R) - The people of Hong Kong Saturday began a massive mopping up operation after the worst storm in 17 years killed at least one person and injured many others.

Millions of dollars worth of damage was caused by the storm. which dumped nearly 330 mm of rain on the colony in only a few hours Friday to leave widespread flooding and many landslips.

Rescue workers who dug through one slip throughout the night after reports that it had carried away a woman and child said no bodies had been found. But they did turn up four cars and two

'no' to French rock group

part of a erackdown on foreign

ticket office in the stadium told callers that all performances would go ahead. There was no immediate explanation for the The eancellation came after a

minee on Tuesday. Mr. Chemenko called for tighter controls on imports of foreign eulture, which he said should be governed by political, not com-

decision to cancel the group's appearances was taken hurriedly by Moscow Communist Party officials after they read Mr. Chemenko's speech.

of extra conditions in the hope they would decide not to come to Moscow. The conditions included agreeing to leave behind a group of around 25 French journalists who

were planning to cover the tour. By imposing extra conditions rather than cancelling the tour outright, the Soviet organisers hoped to put reponsibility on the-French side, the sources said.

All Buenos Aires dailies have

carried front-page articles describing the confusion over his retum. details of which were car-

Adm. Massera. 57. flew to Brazil from Madrid, where political sources said he held a new round of talks with Mrs. Peron. Since retiring in 1978, he has been trying to

about \$1.5 million worth of Bra nca property was transferred under dubious legal conditions.

Smart U.K. gang tricks 2 bullion firms out of \$1.2m

are hunting skilled thieves who tricked two bullion companies out of gold coins worth £780,000 (\$1.2 million).

The gang set up a bogus office in the City of London business district, intercepted telephone calls from the bullion firms and posed as bank officials to convince the dealers that forged eheques were A police spokesman said Friday

night: "One must say that the skill that has been used to conduct the Despite the announcement the entire operation is extremely not-"It was an incredibly wellplanned fraud. Someone knew a hell of a lot about the eity bullion

business, and even more about telephones." The dealers dispatched 2,436 South African krugerrands -- the most commonly traded gold coin -- by armed car to the swindlers' office after receiving the bank

drafts oo Wednesday.

LONDON (R) - British police the drafts were authentic. The gang intercepted the ealls by cutting into a major telephone cable in north London.

> When the fraud was discovered on Thursday, the thieves had disappeared. The policeman leading the hunt. inspector Ken Furrow, said

Friday night. "I was having some

difficulty in convincing the actual dealers who had parted with the coins and the bank that they had been the victims of this crime." A spokesman for one of the bullion firms. Mocatta and Goldsmid. said the loser in the fraud had been the National Westminster Bank

forgeries within the time allowed by banking rules. "We have lost no money out of this," he said. "We sold the coins to a customer against a draft. We presented it to a bank the same

which did not spot the drafts as

day and it was honoured." The second firm, Sharps, 'Pixley The dealers had telephoned a and Company, had no spokesman bank and a solicitor to eheck that available for immediate comment.

Indonesian youths remove all incriminating tattooes

JAKARTA (R) — Scores of son terms in a Bandung prison had young Indonesians were queuing for plastic surgery to remove tattooes from their bodies after the mystery alayings of at least 200 people -- all suspected criminals and almost all tattooed.

More than 60 people in Bankesman said.

The Suara Karya newspaper, organ of the ruling Golkar Party, said at least 10 people serving pricrudely mutilated their tattooes for fear of being killed after their Newspaper said about 200 peo-

ple have been killed inWest Java alone this year by unidentified gunmen and one human rights group has said the toll taken by the unofficial war on crime could be as high as 400. One Islamic leader. Endang

Muttagien, urged the government to end the killings, saying: "It is feared that taking such shortcuts would become the accepted way of solving problems."

kill off elephants HARARE (R) - Zimbabwe

MOSCOW (R) — A technical col-

Challenger II erew (from left to right) ; Sally Ride, John Fabian, Robert Crippen, Norman Thagard Frederick Hauck, and place it in the ship's cargo somewhere in the Amazon jungle hold. She realises the whole world igion to Indian tribes. control of the 15 metre robot arm in South America, was the first

Twenty years later she was nom-

In 1981 Congressman take a long time, and even then oughout the Amazon basin.

was driven to the law courts early Friday, navy sources said. Moscow says

MOSCOW (R) - Soviet cultural authorities have cancelled a Moacow concert tour by the French rock group Space. apparently as

cuiture. An announcement in Friday's newspapers said all tickets sold for the group's concerts in a 10,000seat indoor stadium from June 21 to 28 would be taken back and the money refunded.

discrepancy. hardline speech on ideology by politburo member Konstantin Chemenko at a meeting of the Communist Party central com-

mercial considerations. Soviet cultural sources said the

They quoted the officials as saying that they had decided to present the French group with a series

All tickets for the concerts had

long ago been sold in advance.

dung. 180 kilometres southeast of Jakarta. received skin grafts to erase colourful drawings from their chests, arms and other parts of their bodies. a hospital spo-